

1. $\frac{1}{\sqrt{18}} = k\sqrt{2}$ 일 때, k 의 값은?

- ① 3 ② $\frac{1}{3}$ ③ 6 ④ $\frac{1}{6}$ ⑤ 9

해설

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{18}} = \frac{1}{3\sqrt{2}} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{6}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{2}}{6} = k\sqrt{2} \text{ 이므로}$$

$$\therefore k = \frac{1}{6}$$

2. 분수 $\frac{3\sqrt{10} - \sqrt{18}}{\sqrt{5}}$ 의 분모를 유리화하면?

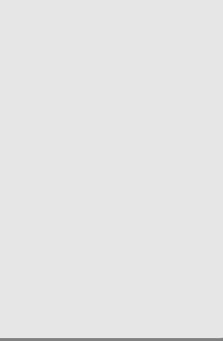
① $\frac{10\sqrt{2} - 3\sqrt{10}}{5}$
② $\frac{10\sqrt{2} + 3\sqrt{10}}{5}$
③ $\frac{15\sqrt{2} - 3\sqrt{10}}{5}$
④ $\frac{15\sqrt{2} + 3\sqrt{10}}{5}$
⑤ $\frac{-15\sqrt{2} + 3\sqrt{10}}{5}$

해설

$$(준식) = \frac{(3\sqrt{10} - \sqrt{18}) \times \sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{5} \times \sqrt{5}} = \frac{15\sqrt{2} - 3\sqrt{10}}{5}$$

3. 다음 그림과 같이 부피가 $12\sqrt{5}$ 인 직육면체의 가로, 세로의 길이가 각각 $\sqrt{6}$, $\sqrt{15}$ 일 때, 이 직육면체의 높이를 구하면?

- ① $\sqrt{2}$ ② $2\sqrt{2}$ ③ $\sqrt{15}$
④ $3\sqrt{6}$ ⑤ $2\sqrt{15}$



해설

높이를 h 라 하면 $\sqrt{6} \times \sqrt{15} \times h = 12\sqrt{5}$

$$\begin{aligned}\therefore h &= \frac{12\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{6} \times \sqrt{15}} \\ &= 12 \times \sqrt{\frac{5}{6 \times 15}} = \frac{12}{\sqrt{18}} \\ &= \frac{12}{3\sqrt{2}} = \frac{4}{\sqrt{2}} = 2\sqrt{2}\end{aligned}$$

4. $\sqrt{12} \times \sqrt{15} \times \sqrt{35} = a\sqrt{7}$ 일 때 a 의 값을 구하면?

- ① 6 ② 15 ③ 24 ④ 30 ⑤ 36

해설

$$2\sqrt{3} \times \sqrt{3} \times \sqrt{5} \times \sqrt{5} \times \sqrt{7} = 30\sqrt{7}$$

5. $a > 0, b > 0$ 일 때, 다음 중 옳지 않은 것은?

$$\begin{array}{ll} \textcircled{1} \quad \frac{b}{\sqrt{a}} = \frac{b\sqrt{a}}{a} & \textcircled{2} \quad \frac{\sqrt{b}}{c\sqrt{a}} = \frac{\sqrt{ab}}{ac} \\ \textcircled{4} \quad \frac{\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a}} = \frac{\sqrt{ab}}{a} & \textcircled{5} \quad \frac{b}{c\sqrt{a}} = \frac{b\sqrt{a}}{ac} \end{array}$$

해설

$$\textcircled{3} \quad \sqrt{\frac{a}{b}} \times \frac{\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{b}} = \frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b}$$

6. $\frac{6\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{2}} = a\sqrt{6}$, $-\frac{20}{3\sqrt{5}} = b\sqrt{5}$ 일 때, $\sqrt{-ab}$ 의 값은?

- ① $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$ ② $\sqrt{2}$ ③ 2 ④ $2\sqrt{2}$ ⑤ $4\sqrt{2}$

해설

$$\frac{6\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{6\sqrt{3} \times \sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2} \times \sqrt{2}} = 3\sqrt{6} \quad \therefore a = 3$$

$$-\frac{20}{3\sqrt{5}} = -\frac{20 \times \sqrt{5}}{3 \times \sqrt{5} \times \sqrt{5}} = -\frac{4\sqrt{5}}{3} \quad \therefore b = -\frac{4}{3}$$

$$\sqrt{-ab} = \sqrt{-3 \times \left(-\frac{4}{3}\right)} = \sqrt{4} = 2$$

7. 다음 보기 중에서 옳은 것을 모두 고르면?

[보기]

$$\textcircled{\text{A}} \quad \frac{\sqrt{6}}{3} + \frac{\sqrt{6}}{2} - 2\sqrt{6} = -\frac{7\sqrt{6}}{6}$$

$$\textcircled{\text{B}} \quad \frac{3\sqrt{2}}{2} + \frac{5\sqrt{2}}{2} - 2\sqrt{2} - 2\sqrt{3} = 2\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{3}$$

$$\textcircled{\text{C}} \quad \frac{3\sqrt{2}}{4} - 3\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{32} = \frac{7\sqrt{2}}{4}$$

$$\textcircled{\text{D}} \quad \sqrt{192} - \sqrt{54} - \sqrt{108} + \sqrt{24} = 2\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{6}$$

① $\textcircled{\text{A}}, \textcircled{\text{B}}$

② $\textcircled{\text{A}}, \textcircled{\text{C}}, \textcircled{\text{D}}$

③ $\textcircled{\text{A}}, \textcircled{\text{D}}$

④ $\textcircled{\text{A}}, \textcircled{\text{C}}, \textcircled{\text{D}}$

⑤ $\textcircled{\text{A}}, \textcircled{\text{B}}, \textcircled{\text{C}}, \textcircled{\text{D}}$

[해설]

$$\textcircled{\text{A}} \quad \frac{\sqrt{6}}{3} + \frac{\sqrt{6}}{2} - 2\sqrt{6} = \frac{5\sqrt{6}}{6} - 2\sqrt{6} = -\frac{7\sqrt{6}}{6}$$

$$\textcircled{\text{B}} \quad \frac{3\sqrt{2}}{2} + \frac{5\sqrt{2}}{2} - 2\sqrt{2} - 2\sqrt{3} \\ = 4\sqrt{2} - 2\sqrt{2} - 2\sqrt{3} \\ = 2\sqrt{2} - 2\sqrt{3}$$

$$\textcircled{\text{C}} \quad \frac{3\sqrt{2}}{4} - 3\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{32} = \frac{3\sqrt{2}}{4} + \sqrt{2} = \frac{7\sqrt{2}}{4}$$

$$\textcircled{\text{D}} \quad \sqrt{192} - \sqrt{54} - \sqrt{108} + \sqrt{24} \\ = 8\sqrt{3} - 3\sqrt{6} - 6\sqrt{3} + 2\sqrt{6} \\ = 2\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{6}$$

8. 다음을 만족하는 유리수 a , b , c 에 대하여 $\sqrt{\frac{2ab}{c}}$ 의 값은?

$$\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{8} = \sqrt{a}, \quad \sqrt{135} = 3\sqrt{b}, \quad \sqrt{2000} = c\sqrt{5}$$

- ① $\sqrt{2}$ ② $\sqrt{3}$ ③ 2 ④ $\sqrt{5}$ ⑤ $\sqrt{6}$

해설

$$\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{8} = \sqrt{\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^2 \times 8} = \sqrt{\frac{8}{4}} = \sqrt{2} = \sqrt{a}$$

$$\therefore a = 2$$

$$\sqrt{135} = \sqrt{3^3 \times 5} = 3\sqrt{15} = 3\sqrt{b}$$

$$\therefore b = 15$$

$$\sqrt{2000} = \sqrt{20^2 \times 5} = 20\sqrt{5} = c\sqrt{5}$$

$$\therefore c = 20$$

$$\therefore \sqrt{\frac{2ab}{c}} = \sqrt{\frac{2 \times 2 \times 15}{20}} = \sqrt{3}$$

9. $\sqrt{2} = x$, $\sqrt{3} = y$ 일 때, $\sqrt{5}$ 를 x 와 y 로 나타낸 것으로 옳은 것은?

- ① $x + y$ ② $x^2 + y^2$ ③ $\sqrt{x+y}$
④ $\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$ ⑤ \sqrt{xy}

해설

$$\sqrt{5} = \sqrt{2+3} = \sqrt{(\sqrt{2})^2 + (\sqrt{3})^2} = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$$

10. $f(x) = \sqrt{x+1} - \sqrt{x}$ 이고, $S(x) = f(1) + f(2) + f(3) + \dots + f(x)$ 이라고 한다. 100 이하의 자연수 n 에 대하여 $S(n)$ 의 값이 자연수가 되는 n 을 모두 고르면?

① 8 ② 15 ③ 35 ④ 50 ⑤ 99

해설

$$S(n) = (\sqrt{2} - 1) + (\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2}) + (\sqrt{4} - \sqrt{3}) + \dots + (\sqrt{n+1} - \sqrt{n}) = \sqrt{n+1} - 1$$

- ① $n = 8$ 일 때, $S(n) = 3 - 1 = 2$
② $n = 15$ 일 때, $S(n) = 4 - 1 = 3$
③ $n = 35$ 일 때, $S(n) = 6 - 1 = 5$
④ $n = 50$ 일 때, $S(n) = \sqrt{51} - 1$
⑤ $n = 99$ 일 때, $S(n) = 10 - 1 = 9$

따라서 ①, ②, ③, ⑤가 답이다.