

1.  $(a+b)(a+b-3)+2$  를 인수분해하면  $(a+b-m)(a+b-n)$  일 때,  
 $m+n$  의 값은?

① 2      ② 3      ③ 6      ④ 11      ⑤ 16

해설

$$\begin{aligned}a+b=t \text{ 라 하면,} \\t(t-3)+2 &= t^2 - 3t + 2 \\&= (t-1)(t-2) \\&= (a+b-1)(a+b-2)\end{aligned}$$

따라서  $m+n = 1+2 = 3$  이다.

2.  $(3x - 2)^2 - (2x + 3)^2 = (Ax + 1)(x + B)$  일 때,  $A + B$ 의 값을 구하라.

▶ 답:

▷ 정답:  $A + B = 0$

해설

$$\begin{aligned}3x - 2 &= X, \quad 2x + 3 = Y \text{로 치환하면} \\(3x - 2)^2 - (2x + 3)^2 &= X^2 - Y^2 = (X + Y)(X - Y) \\&= (5x + 1)(x - 5) \\∴ A &= 5, \quad B = -5 \\∴ A + B &= 0 \text{이다.}\end{aligned}$$

3. 다음 중  $\left(-a + \frac{1}{2}b\right)^2$  과 전개식이 같은 것은?

- ①  $-\left(a - \frac{1}{2}b\right)^2$       ②  $-\left(a + \frac{1}{2}b\right)^2$       ③  $\left(-a - \frac{1}{2}b\right)^2$   
④  $\left(a - \frac{1}{2}b\right)^2$       ⑤  $\left(a + \frac{1}{2}b\right)^2$

해설

$$\left(-a + \frac{1}{2}b\right)^2 = \left\{-\left(a - \frac{1}{2}b\right)\right\}^2 = \left(a - \frac{1}{2}b\right)^2$$

4.  $2x^2 - \frac{1}{2}$  을 인수분해하면?

Ⓐ  $2\left(x + \frac{1}{2}\right)\left(x - \frac{1}{2}\right)$

Ⓑ  $2(x+1)\left(x - \frac{1}{2}\right)$

Ⓒ  $2\left(x + \frac{1}{2}\right)(x-1)$

Ⓓ  $2(x+1)(x-1)$

Ⓔ  $\frac{1}{2}(2x+1)(x-1)$

해설

$$2x^2 - \frac{1}{2} = 2\left(x^2 - \frac{1}{4}\right) = 2\left(x + \frac{1}{2}\right)\left(x - \frac{1}{2}\right)$$

5.  $ax^2 + 24x + b = (3x + c)^2$  일 때, 상수  $a, b, c$ 의 값을 차례로 구하면?

- ①  $a = 9, b = 16, c = -4$   
②  $a = 9, b = 8, c = 4$   
③  $a = 9, b = 16, c = 2$   
④  $\textcircled{a} a = 9, b = 16, c = 4$   
⑤  $a = 3, b = -8, c = 4$

해설

$$(3x + c)^2 = 9x^2 + 6cx + c^2$$

$$a = 9$$

$$6c = 24, c = 4$$

$$b = c^2, b = 16$$

$$\therefore a = 9, b = 16, c = 4$$