

1. 다음 유리화의 계산 과정이 옳지 않은 것을 구하여라.

$$\begin{aligned}& \frac{2}{\sqrt{12}} \times 4\sqrt{6} \div \sqrt{3} \\&= \frac{2}{2\sqrt{3}} \times 4\sqrt{6} \times \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \cdots \textcircled{\text{①}} \\&= 4\sqrt{2} \times \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \cdots \textcircled{\text{②}} \\&= 4\sqrt{\frac{2}{3}} \cdots \textcircled{\text{③}}\end{aligned}$$

▶ 답:

▷ 정답: Ⓛ

해설

$$\begin{aligned}&= \frac{2}{2\sqrt{3}} \times 4\sqrt{6} \times \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \cdots \textcircled{\text{①}} (\textcircled{\text{○}}) \\&= 4\sqrt{2} \times \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \cdots \textcircled{\text{②}} (\textcircled{\text{○}}) \\&= \frac{4\sqrt{6}}{3} \cdots \textcircled{\text{③}}\end{aligned}$$

2.  $\frac{3\sqrt{2}}{2\sqrt{3}} = a\sqrt{6}$  이고  $\frac{3\sqrt{10}}{\sqrt{5}} = b\sqrt{2}$  일 때,  $\sqrt{ab}$ 의 값은?(단,  $a > 0$ ,  $b > 0$ )

①  $\frac{\sqrt{6}}{6}$       ②  $\frac{\sqrt{6}}{4}$       ③  $\frac{\sqrt{6}}{3}$       ④  $\frac{\sqrt{6}}{2}$       ⑤  $\sqrt{6}$

해설

$$\frac{3\sqrt{2}}{2\sqrt{3}} = \frac{\sqrt{6}}{2} = a\sqrt{6} \quad \therefore a = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{3\sqrt{10}}{\sqrt{5}} = 3\sqrt{2} = b\sqrt{2} \quad \therefore b = 3$$

$$\sqrt{ab} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} \times 3} = \sqrt{\frac{3}{2}} = \frac{\sqrt{3} \times \sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2} \times \sqrt{2}} = \frac{\sqrt{6}}{2}$$

3.  $x = 2 - \sqrt{3}$  일 때,  $\frac{x+3}{x-2}$  의 값을 구하여라.

▶ 답:

▷ 정답:  $1 - \frac{5\sqrt{3}}{3}$

해설

$$\frac{x+3}{x-2} = \frac{5-\sqrt{3}}{-\sqrt{3}} = \frac{5-\sqrt{3}}{-\sqrt{3}} \times \frac{-\sqrt{3}}{-\sqrt{3}} = \frac{3-5\sqrt{3}}{3}$$

$$= 1 - \frac{5\sqrt{3}}{3}$$

4.  $a = (\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3})$ ,  $b = (\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{3})$  일 때,  $a^2 - b^2$  의 값은?

- ①  $2\sqrt{3}$       ②  $4\sqrt{6}$       ③  $4\sqrt{3}$       ④  $2\sqrt{6}$       ⑤ 10

해설

$$\begin{aligned}a^2 - b^2 &= (\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3})^2 - (\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{3})^2 \\&= (\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3})(\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3}) - (\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{3})(\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{3}) \\&= (2 + \sqrt{6} + 3) - (2 - \sqrt{6} - \sqrt{3} + 3) \\&= 4\sqrt{6}\end{aligned}$$

5.  $\frac{3\sqrt{a}}{2\sqrt{6}}$  의 분모를 유리화하였더니  $\frac{\sqrt{15}}{2}$  가 되었다. 이 때, 자연수  $a$ 의 값은?

- ① 2      ② 3      ③ 5      ④ 10      ⑤ 12

해설

$$\frac{3\sqrt{a}}{2\sqrt{6}} \times \frac{\sqrt{6}}{\sqrt{6}} = \frac{3\sqrt{6a}}{2 \times 6} = \frac{\sqrt{6a}}{4}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{6a}}{4} = \frac{\sqrt{15}}{2} \text{ } \circ\text{]므로}$$

$$\sqrt{6a} = 2\sqrt{15} = \sqrt{60}$$

$$\therefore a = 10$$

6.  $\sqrt{\frac{13-a}{3}} = 2$  일 때,  $a$ 의 값을 구하여라.

▶ 답:

▷ 정답:  $a = 1$

해설

$$\begin{aligned}\sqrt{\frac{13-a}{3}} &= \frac{\sqrt{13-a} \times \sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3} \times \sqrt{3}} = 2 \\ \sqrt{13-a} \times \sqrt{3} &= 6 \\ \sqrt{13-a} &= \frac{6}{\sqrt{3}} = \frac{6\sqrt{3}}{3} = 2\sqrt{3} = \sqrt{12} \\ \therefore a &= 1\end{aligned}$$