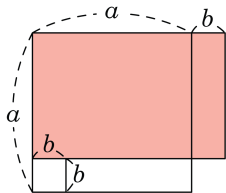


1. 다음 그림에서 색칠한 부분이 나타내고 있는 곱셈공식은 무엇인가?



① $(a + b)^2 = a^2 + 2ab + b^2$

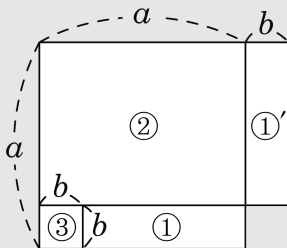
② $(a - b)^2 = a^2 - 2ab + b^2$

③ $(a + b)(a - b) = a^2 - b^2$

④ $(a - b)(a^2 + ab + b^2) = a^3 - b^3$

⑤ $(a + b)(a^2 - ab + b^2) = a^3 + b^3$

해설



$$(a + b)(a - b) = \textcircled{1}' + \textcircled{2}$$

①' = ③ 이므로

$$(a + b)(a - b) = \textcircled{1} + \textcircled{2} = a^2 - b^2$$

$$\therefore (a + b)(a - b) = a^2 - b^2$$

2. 다음 곱셈공식을 전개한 것 중 바른 것은?

① $(x - y - 1)^2 = x^2 + y^2 + 1 - 2xy - 2x - 2y$

② $(a + b)^2(a - b)^2 = a^4 - 2a^2b^2 + b^4$

③ $(-x + 3)^3 = x^3 - 9x^2 + 27x - 27$

④ $(a - b)(a^2 + ab - b^2) = a^3 - b^3$

⑤ $(p - 1)(p^2 + 1)(p^4 + 1) = p^{16} - 1$

해설

① $(x - y - 1)^2 = x^2 + y^2 + 1 - 2xy - 2x + 2y$

③ $(-x + 3)^3 = -x^3 + 9x^2 - 27x + 27$

④ $(a - b)(a^2 + ab + b^2) = a^3 - b^3$

⑤ $(p - 1)(p + 1)(p^2 + 1)(p^4 + 1) = p^8 - 1$

3. 다음 중 다항식의 전개가 잘못 된 것은?

① $(x+1)(x^2-x+1) = x^3+1$

② $(a+2b-3c)^2 = a^2+4b^2+9c^2+4ab-12bc-6ac$

③ $(x+2)(x^2-2x+4) = x^3+8$

④ $(x^2-xy+y^2)(x^2+xy+y^2) = x^4-x^2y^2+y^4$

⑤ $(x-1)^2(x+1)^2 = x^4-2x^2+1$

해설

$$\begin{aligned} \text{④ } & (x^2-xy+y^2)(x^2+xy+y^2) \\ &= (x^2+y^2)^2 - (xy)^2 \\ &= x^4 + x^2y^2 + y^4 \end{aligned}$$

4. $(a + b - c)(a - b + c)$ 를 전개하면?

① $a^2 + b^2 - c^2 - 2bc$

② $a^2 - b^2 + c^2 - 2bc$

③ $a^2 + b^2 - c^2 + 2ab$

④ $a^2 - b^2 - c^2 + 2bc$

⑤ $a^2 - b^2 - c^2 - 2ab$

해설

$$\begin{aligned} & (a + b - c)(a - b + c) \\ &= \{a + (b - c)\}\{a - (b - c)\} \\ &= a^2 - (b - c)^2 \\ &= a^2 - b^2 - c^2 + 2bc \end{aligned}$$

5. $x + y + z = 1$, $xy + yz + zx = 2$, $xyz = 3$ 일 때, $(x + 1)(y + 1)(z + 1)$ 의 값을 구하여라.

▶ 답 :

▷ 정답 : 7

해설

$$\begin{aligned} & (x + 1)(y + 1)(z + 1) \\ &= xyz + xy + yz + zx + x + y + z + 1 \\ &= 7 \end{aligned}$$

6. 다음 식 중에서 옳지 않은 것을 고르면?

① $(a + b + c)^2 = a^2 + b^2 + c^2 + 2ab + 2bc + 2ca$

② $(a + b + c)(a^2 + b^2 + c^2 - ab - bc - ca) = a^3 + b^3 + c^3 - 3abc$

③ $(a + b)^3 = a^3 + 3a^2b + 3ab^2 + b^3$

④ $(a - b)^3 = a^3 - 3a^2b + 3ab^2 - b^3$

⑤ $(a^2 + a + 1)(a^2 - a + 1) = a^4 - a^2 + 1$

해설

$$\begin{aligned}\text{⑤ } (a^2 + a + 1)(a^2 - a + 1) &= (a^2 + 1)^2 - a^2 \\ &= a^4 + a^2 + 1\end{aligned}$$

7. $P = (2 + 1)(2^2 + 1)(2^4 + 1)(2^8 + 1)(2^{16} + 1)$ 의 값을 구하면?

① $2^{32} - 1$

② $2^{32} + 1$

③ $2^{31} - 1$

④ $2^{31} + 1$

⑤ $2^{17} - 1$

해설

주어진 식에 $(2 - 1) = 1$ 을 곱해도 식은 성립하므로

$$P = (2 - 1)(2 + 1)(2^2 + 1)(2^4 + 1)(2^8 + 1)(2^{16} + 1)$$

$$= (2^2 - 1)(2^2 + 1)(2^4 + 1)(2^8 + 1)(2^{16} + 1)$$

$$= (2^4 - 1)(2^4 + 1)(2^8 + 1)(2^{16} + 1)$$

$$= \vdots$$

$$= (2^{16} - 1)(2^{16} + 1)$$

$$= 2^{32} - 1$$