

1. $A = \sqrt{81} + \sqrt{(-7)^2} \div \sqrt{\frac{49}{16}} - (-\sqrt{6})^2$ 일 때, A^2 의 값은?

① 1

② $\frac{6}{7}$

③ 7

④ $\frac{36}{49}$

⑤ 49

해설

$$A = 9 + 7 \div \frac{7}{4} - 6 = 9 + 4 - 6 = 7$$

$$\therefore A^2 = 49$$

2. $\sqrt{32} + \frac{8}{\sqrt{2}} - \sqrt{50} = a\sqrt{2}$, $\sqrt{0.2} \times \sqrt{\frac{4}{5}} \times \sqrt{125} = b\sqrt{5}$ 일 때, $a - b$ 의 값은?

① -2

② -1

③ 1

④ 2

⑤ 3

해설

$$4\sqrt{2} + 4\sqrt{2} - 5\sqrt{2} = 3\sqrt{2} \quad \therefore a = 3$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sqrt{\frac{20}{100}} \times \frac{2\sqrt{5}}{5} \times 5\sqrt{5} &= \frac{\sqrt{5}}{5} \times \frac{2\sqrt{5}}{5} \times 5\sqrt{5} \\ &= 2\sqrt{5} \end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore b = 2$$

$$\therefore a - b = 1$$

3. $x + y = 5$, $xy = -3$ 일 때, $(x - y)^2$ 의 값은?

① 12

② 13

③ 25

④ 31

⑤ 37

해설

$$\begin{aligned}(x - y)^2 &= x^2 - 2xy + y^2 \\&= x^2 + 2xy + y^2 - 4xy \\&= (x + y)^2 - 4xy \\&= 5^2 - 4 \times (-3) \\&= 25 + 12 \\&= 37\end{aligned}$$

4. $a = 1.75$, $b = 0.25$ 일 때, $a^2 - 6ab + 9b^2$ 의 값을 구하면?

- ① 1 ② 2 ③ 3 ④ 4 ⑤ 5

해설

$$\begin{aligned} a^2 - 6ab + 9b^2 &= (a - 3b)^2 \\ &= (1.75 - 3 \times 0.25)^2 \\ &= 1^2 = 1 \end{aligned}$$

5. 두 실수 a, b 가 $a = \sqrt{7} - 6, b = \sqrt{3} + \sqrt{7}$ 일 때, 다음 중 옳은 것은?

보기

- $\textcircled{\text{㉠}}$ $b - a > 0$
- $\textcircled{\text{㉡}}$ $a - b < 0$
- $\textcircled{\text{㉢}}$ $ab < 0$
- $\textcircled{\text{㉣}}$ $a + 3 < 0$
- $\textcircled{\text{㉤}}$ $b - \sqrt{7} < 2$

- $\textcircled{1}$ $\textcircled{\text{㉠}}$
- $\textcircled{2}$ $\textcircled{\text{㉠}}, \textcircled{\text{㉡}}$
- $\textcircled{3}$ $\textcircled{\text{㉡}}, \textcircled{\text{㉢}}, \textcircled{\text{㉤}}$
- $\textcircled{4}$ $\textcircled{\text{㉠}}, \textcircled{\text{㉡}}, \textcircled{\text{㉢}}, \textcircled{\text{㉤}}$
- $\textcircled{5}$ $\textcircled{\text{㉠}}, \textcircled{\text{㉡}}, \textcircled{\text{㉢}}, \textcircled{\text{㉣}}, \textcircled{\text{㉤}}$

해설

$$\begin{aligned} b - a &= \sqrt{3} + \sqrt{7} - (\sqrt{7} - 6) \\ \textcircled{\text{㉠}} \quad &= \sqrt{3} + 6 \\ &= \sqrt{36} + \sqrt{9} > 0 \\ \therefore b - a &> 0 \\ a - b &= \sqrt{7} - 6 - (\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{7}) \\ \textcircled{\text{㉡}} \quad &= -6 - \sqrt{3} \\ &= -\sqrt{36} - \sqrt{3} < 0 \\ \therefore a - b &< 0 \\ \textcircled{\text{㉢}} \quad a &= \sqrt{7} - 6 = \sqrt{7} - \sqrt{36} < 0 \\ b &= \sqrt{3} + \sqrt{7} > 0 \\ \therefore ab &< 0 \\ \textcircled{\text{㉣}} \quad a + 3 &= (\sqrt{7} - 6) + 3 = \sqrt{7} - 3 = \sqrt{7} - \sqrt{9} < 0 \\ \therefore a + 3 &< 0 \\ \textcircled{\text{㉤}} \quad (\text{좌변}) &= b - \sqrt{7} = \sqrt{3} + \sqrt{7} - \sqrt{7} = \sqrt{3} \\ (\text{우변}) &= 2 = \sqrt{4} \\ \therefore b - \sqrt{7} &< 2 \end{aligned}$$

6. $(-\sqrt{2})^2 \times \left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}\right)^2$ 을 계산하면?

- ① 3 ② -3 ③ 9 ④ -9 ⑤ $2\sqrt{3}$

해설

$$2 \times \frac{3}{2} = 3$$

7. $\sqrt{20} + \sqrt{0.2} + \frac{4}{\sqrt{5}} = a\sqrt{5}$, $\sqrt{2.5} \times \sqrt{\frac{6}{5}} \times \sqrt{18} = b\sqrt{6}$ 일 때, $a \times b$ 의 값은?

① 4

② 9

③ 16

④ 25

⑤ 36

해설

$$2\sqrt{5} + \frac{\sqrt{5}}{5} + \frac{4\sqrt{5}}{5} = \frac{10\sqrt{5} + \sqrt{5} + 4\sqrt{5}}{5} = \frac{15\sqrt{5}}{5} = 3\sqrt{5}$$

$$\therefore a = 3$$

$$\sqrt{2.5} \times \sqrt{\frac{6}{5}} \times \sqrt{18} = \sqrt{\frac{25}{10} \times \frac{6}{5} \times 18} = 3\sqrt{6}$$

$$\therefore b = 3$$

$$\therefore a \times b = 9$$

8. 두 실수 a, b 가 $a = \sqrt{8} - 3$, $b = -\sqrt{7} + \sqrt{8}$ 일 때, 다음 중 옳은 것은?

- ① $a - b > 0$ ② $b - a < 0$ ③ $b + \sqrt{7} > 3$
④ $ab > 0$ ⑤ $a + 1 > 0$

해설

$$\begin{aligned} a - b &= \sqrt{8} - 3 - (-\sqrt{7} + \sqrt{8}) \\ \textcircled{1} \quad &= \sqrt{7} - 3 \\ &= \sqrt{7} - \sqrt{9} < 0 \\ \therefore a - b &< 0 \\ b - a &= -\sqrt{7} + \sqrt{8} - (\sqrt{8} - 3) \\ \textcircled{2} \quad &= -\sqrt{7} + 3 \\ &= \sqrt{9} - \sqrt{7} > 0 \\ \therefore b - a &> 0 \\ \textcircled{3} \quad (\text{좌변}) &= b + \sqrt{7} = -\sqrt{7} + \sqrt{8} + \sqrt{7} = \sqrt{8} \\ (\text{우변}) &= 3 = \sqrt{9} \\ \therefore b + \sqrt{7} &< 3 \\ \textcircled{4} \quad a &= \sqrt{8} - 3 = \sqrt{8} - \sqrt{9} < 0 \\ b &= \sqrt{8} - \sqrt{7} > 0 \\ \therefore ab &< 0 \\ a + 1 &= (\sqrt{8} - 3) + 1 \\ \textcircled{5} \quad &= \sqrt{8} - 2 \\ &= \sqrt{8} - \sqrt{4} > 0 \\ \therefore a + 1 &> 0 \end{aligned}$$

9. $x - \frac{1}{x} = 1$ 일 때, $x^2 - \frac{1}{x^2}$ 의 값은?

- ① $\pm\sqrt{5}$ ② ± 4 ③ ± 1 ④ 2 ⑤ -4

해설

$$\begin{aligned}\left(x + \frac{1}{x}\right)^2 &= \left(x - \frac{1}{x}\right)^2 + 4 \\ &= 1 + 4 \\ &= 5\end{aligned}$$

$$x + \frac{1}{x} = \pm\sqrt{5}$$

$$\begin{aligned}x^2 - \frac{1}{x^2} &= \left(x - \frac{1}{x}\right)\left(x + \frac{1}{x}\right) \\ &= 1 \times (\pm\sqrt{5}) = \pm\sqrt{5}\end{aligned}$$

10. $\frac{1}{\sqrt{12}} + \frac{3}{\sqrt{27}} - \sqrt{12} = A\sqrt{3}$ 일 때, 유리수 A 의 값은?

① $\frac{1}{2}$

② $-\frac{1}{2}$

③ $\frac{3}{2}$

④ $-\frac{3}{2}$

⑤ $\frac{1}{3}$

해설

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{\sqrt{3}}{6} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3} - 2\sqrt{3} &= \frac{3\sqrt{3}}{6} - \frac{12\sqrt{3}}{6} \\ &= -\frac{9\sqrt{3}}{6} \\ &= -\frac{3\sqrt{3}}{2} \text{ 이다.}\end{aligned}$$

따라서 $A = -\frac{3}{2}$ 이다.