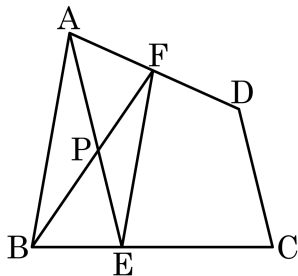


1. 다음 그림과 같은 사각형 ABCD에서 $\overline{AB} \parallel \overline{FE}$ 일 때, 넓이가 같은 삼각형은 모두 몇 쌍 있는가?



① 1쌍

② 2쌍

③ 3쌍

④ 4쌍

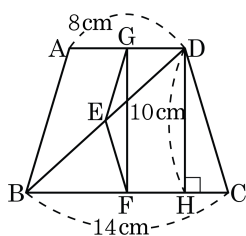
⑤ 5쌍

해설

$$\triangle ABE = \triangle ABF, \triangle AEF = \triangle BEF$$

$$\triangle APF = \triangle PBE$$

2. 사다리꼴 ABCD 에서 점 G, E, F 는 각각 $\overline{AD}$, $\overline{BD}$, $\overline{BC}$ 의 중점이다. $\triangle EGF$ 와 $\square ABCD$ 의 넓이의 비를 바르게 구한 것은?



- ① 7 : 42 ② 8 : 43 ③ 8 : 44 ④ 3 : 44 ⑤ 8 : 45

해설

$$\square ABFG = (7 + 4) \times 10 \times \frac{1}{2} = 55 \text{ (cm}^2\text{)}$$

$$\square ABEG = \frac{3}{4} \times \frac{1}{2} \times 8 \times 10 = 30 \text{ (cm}^2\text{)}$$

$$\triangle EBF = \frac{1}{4} \times \frac{1}{2} \times 14 \times 10 = \frac{35}{2} \text{ (cm}^2\text{)}$$

$$\triangle EGF = 55 - \left(30 + \frac{35}{2}\right) = \frac{15}{2} \text{ (cm}^2\text{)}$$

$$\square ABCD = (14 + 8) \times 10 \times \frac{1}{2} = 110 \text{ (cm}^2\text{)}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \therefore \triangle EGF : \square ABCD &= \frac{15}{2} : 110 \\ &= 15 : 220 = 3 : 44 \end{aligned}$$