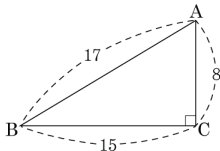


1. 다음 중 $\cos A$ 와 값이 같은 삼각비는?



① $\sin A$

② $\sin B$

③ $\cos B$

④ $\tan A$

⑤ $\tan B$

해설

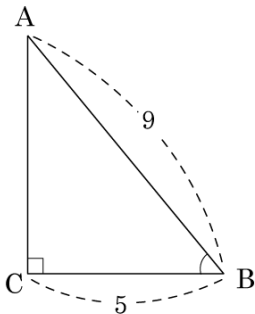
$\sin B = \frac{8}{17}$, $\cos A = \frac{8}{17}$ 이므로, $\sin B = \cos A$ 이다.

2. 다음과 같이 $\angle C$ 가 90° 인 직각삼각형 $\triangle ABC$ 에서 $\cos B$ 의 값은 ?

① $\frac{5}{9}$
④ $\frac{4}{5}$

② $\frac{9}{5}$
⑤ $\frac{2}{9}$

③ $\frac{5}{8}$



해설

$$\cos B = \frac{\overline{BC}}{\overline{AB}} = \frac{5}{9}$$

3. $\sin A = \frac{8}{17}$ 일 때, $\cos A \tan A$ 의 값을 구하여라.

① $\frac{8}{15}$

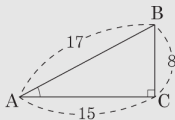
② $\frac{8}{17}$

③ $\frac{15}{17}$

④ $\frac{7}{19}$

⑤ $\frac{9}{17}$

해설

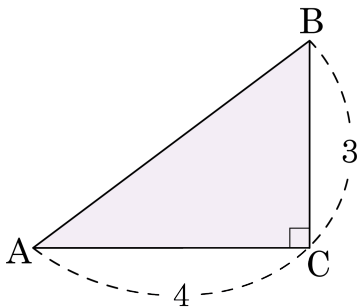


$$\sin A = \frac{8}{17} \text{ 이면}$$

$$\cos A = \frac{15}{17}, \quad \tan A = \frac{8}{15}$$

$$\therefore \cos A \times \tan A = \frac{15}{17} \times \frac{8}{15} = \frac{8}{17}$$

4. 삼각형 ABC 는 $\angle C = 90^\circ$ 인 직각삼각형이다. $\overline{AC} = 4$, $\overline{BC} = 3$ 일 때, 다음 설명 중 옳은 것은?



① $\sin A = \frac{4}{5}$

② $\cos A = \frac{3}{4}$

③ $\tan A = \frac{4}{3}$

④ $\sin B = \frac{3}{5}$

⑤ $\cos B = \frac{3}{5}$

해설

$$\overline{AB} = \sqrt{4^2 + 3^2} = \sqrt{25} = 5$$

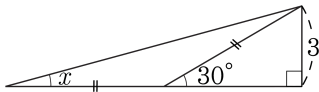
① $\sin A = \frac{3}{5}$

② $\cos A = \frac{4}{5}$

③ $\tan A = \frac{3}{4}$

④ $\sin B = \frac{4}{5}$

5. 다음 그림을 이용하여 $\tan x$ 의 값을 구하여라.



① $\frac{2 - \sqrt{3}}{2}$

② $\frac{3 - \sqrt{3}}{2}$

③ $2 - \sqrt{3}$

④ $\frac{2(1 - 2\sqrt{3})}{3}$

⑤ $\frac{3(1 - \sqrt{3})}{3}$

해설

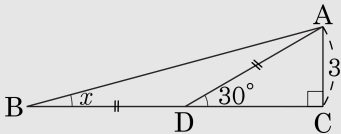
$$\overline{AD} = \overline{BD} = 2\overline{AC} =$$

$$6$$

$$\overline{DC} = \sqrt{3} \overline{AC} = 3\sqrt{3}$$

$$\overline{BC} = 6 + 3\sqrt{3} \text{ 이므로}$$

$$\tan x = \frac{3}{6 + 3\sqrt{3}} = \frac{3(2 - \sqrt{3})}{3} = 2 - \sqrt{3}$$



6. $\sin A = \frac{3}{5}$ 일 때, $\cos A + \tan A$ 의 값은? (단, $0^\circ \leq A \leq 90^\circ$)

① $\frac{5}{3}$

② $\frac{12}{5}$

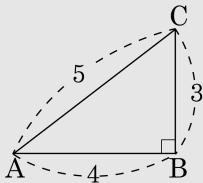
③ $\frac{23}{12}$

④ $\frac{31}{20}$

⑤ $\frac{39}{28}$

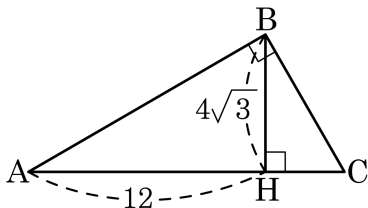
해설

$$\cos A + \tan A = \frac{4}{5} + \frac{3}{4} = \frac{16 + 15}{20} = \frac{31}{20}$$



7. 다음 그림에서 $\cos A = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$ 이고,

$\overline{AH} = 12$, $\overline{BH} = 4\sqrt{3}$ 일 때, $\overline{AC}$ 의 길이는?



① 10

② 12

③ 14

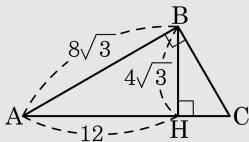
④ 16

⑤ 18

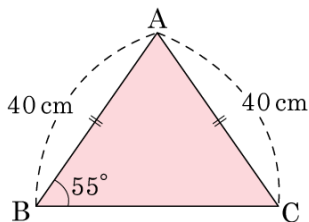
해설

$$\cos A = \frac{\overline{AB}}{\overline{AC}} = \frac{8\sqrt{3}}{\overline{AC}} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

$$\therefore \overline{AC} = 16$$



8. 다음 그림과 같이 두 변 AB, AC 의 길이가 40 cm 인 이등변삼각형 ABC 의 넓이를 어림하여 구하여라. (단, $\sin 20^\circ = 0.3420$, $\cos 20^\circ = 0.9397$)



- ① 약 600 ② 약 700 ③ 약 701
 ④ 약 752 ⑤ 약 755

해설

$\triangle ABC$ 에서 내각의 합이 180° 이므로

$$\angle A = 180^\circ - 2 \times 55^\circ = 70^\circ$$

$$\begin{aligned} \triangle ABC &= \frac{1}{2} \times 40 \times 40 \times \sin 70^\circ \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \times 1600 \times \cos (90^\circ - 70^\circ) \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \times 1600 \times \cos 20^\circ \\ &= 800 \times 0.9397 \approx 752 \text{ (cm}^2\text{)} \end{aligned}$$

9. $\tan A = \frac{12}{5}$ 일 때, $\sin A + \cos A$ 의 값을 구하면?(단, $0^\circ < A < 90^\circ$)

① $\frac{17}{13}$

② $\frac{7}{13}$

③ $\frac{5}{12}$

④ $\frac{19}{12}$

⑤ $\frac{8}{5}$

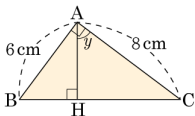
해설

$$\tan A = \frac{12}{5} \text{ 이면}$$

$$\sin A = \frac{12}{13}, \cos A = \frac{5}{13} \text{ 이다.}$$

$$\text{따라서 } \sin A + \cos A = \frac{12}{13} + \frac{5}{13} = \frac{17}{13} \text{ 이다.}$$

10. 다음 그림의 $\triangle ABC$ 에서 $\angle A = 90^\circ$, $\overline{AB} = 6\text{cm}$, $\overline{AC} = 8\text{cm}$, $\overline{AH} \perp \overline{BC}$ 일 때, $\cos y$ 의 값은?



① $\frac{3}{5}$

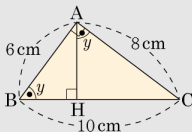
② 1

③ $\frac{6}{5}$

④ $\frac{7}{5}$

⑤ $\frac{8}{5}$

해설



$$\triangle ABH \sim \triangle CBA, \triangle AHC \sim \triangle BAC$$

또한 $\overline{BC} = \sqrt{6^2 + 8^2} = 10\text{cm}$ 이므로 $\cos y = \frac{3}{5}$ 이다.