

1. $(3x-6) \div \left(-\frac{3}{4}\right) = ax+b$ 일 때, $a+b$ 의 값은?

① 0

② 2

③ 4

④ 6

⑤ 8

해설

$$(3x-6) \div \left(-\frac{3}{4}\right) = (3x-6) \times \left(-\frac{4}{3}\right) = -4x+8$$

$$\therefore a = -4, b = 8$$

$$\therefore a+b = (-4)+8 = 4$$

2. 다음 중에서 곱셈 기호를 생략하여 나타낸 것으로 옳은 것은?

- ① $a \times a \times b = 2ab$
- ② $x \times y \times 1 = 1xy$
- ③ $a \times b \times 0.1 = 0.1ab$
- ④ $x \times y \times 3 = xy3$
- ⑤ $a \times b \times c \times (-1) = -1abc$

해설

- ① $a \times a \times b = a^2b$
- ② $x \times y \times 1 = xy$
- ④ $x \times y \times 3 = 3xy$
- ⑤ $a \times b \times c \times (-1) = -abc$

3. $A = \left(-\frac{3}{4}\right) \times \frac{1}{3}$, $B = (-6) \div \frac{1}{3}$ 일 때, $2A + AB$ 의 값은?

① $\frac{3}{8}$

② $\frac{1}{12}$

③ 2

④ 4

⑤ 6

해설

$$A = \left(-\frac{3}{4}\right) \times \frac{1}{3} = -\frac{1}{4}$$

$$B = (-6) \div \frac{1}{3} = (-6) \times 3 = -18$$

$$2A + AB = 2 \times \left(-\frac{1}{4}\right) + \left(-\frac{1}{4}\right) \times (-18) = -\frac{1}{2} + \frac{9}{2} = 4$$

4. 다음 중 옳은 것은?

① $a \div b \div c = \frac{ab}{c}$

② $a \div b \times c = a \div bc$

③ $a \times (b \div c) = a \div (b \div c)$

④ $a \div b \div c = a \div (b \times c)$

⑤ $a \div b \div c = ac \div b$

해설

① $a \div b \div c = \frac{a}{bc}$

② $\frac{ac}{b} \neq \frac{a}{bc}$

③ $\frac{ab}{c} \neq \frac{ac}{b}$

⑤ $\frac{a}{bc} \neq \frac{ac}{b}$

5. 다음 식을 간단히 하였을 때 x 의 계수가 가장 큰 것은?

① $(-3) \times 2x$

② $7 \times (-x + 2y)$

③ $-(5x + 2) + 2(x + y)$

④ $(10x + 4) \div \frac{1}{5}$

⑤ $-2(3x + 3)$

해설

① $(-3) \times 2x = -6x$

② $7 \times (-x + 2y) = -7x + 14y$

③ $-(5x + 2) + 2(x + y)$

$= -5x - 2 + 2x + 2y$

$= -3x + 2y - 2$

④ $(10x + 4) \div \frac{1}{5} = 50x + 20$

⑤ $-2(3x + 3) = -6x - 6$