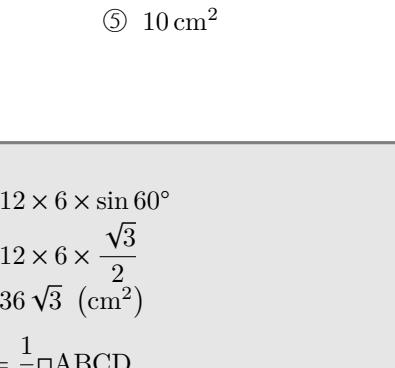


1. 다음 그림과 같은 평행사변형 ABCD에서 \overline{BC} 의 중점을 M이라 할 때, $\triangle ABM$ 의 넓이를 구하면?



- ① $9\sqrt{2} \text{ cm}^2$
 ② $9\sqrt{3} \text{ cm}^2$
 ③ $10\sqrt{2} \text{ cm}^2$

- ④ $10\sqrt{3} \text{ cm}^2$
 ⑤ 10 cm^2

해설

$$\begin{aligned}\square ABCD &= 12 \times 6 \times \sin 60^\circ \\ &= 12 \times 6 \times \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \\ &= 36\sqrt{3} \text{ (cm}^2\text{)}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\therefore \triangle ABM &= \frac{1}{4} \square ABCD \\ &= \frac{1}{4} \times 36\sqrt{3} \\ &= 9\sqrt{3} \text{ (cm}^2\text{)}\end{aligned}$$

