

1.  $12 \left( \frac{1}{3}x + \frac{1}{4}y \right) \left( \frac{1}{3}x - \frac{1}{4}y \right)$  를 전개하면?

- ①  $\frac{4}{3}x^2 - 12xy + \frac{3}{4}y^2$   
②  $\frac{4}{3}x^2 - 6xy - \frac{3}{4}y^2$   
③  $\frac{3}{2}x^2 + 12xy + \frac{3}{4}y^2$   
④  $\frac{4}{3}x^2 - \frac{3}{4}y^2$   
⑤  $\frac{3}{4}x^2 + \frac{4}{3}y^2$

해설

$$12 \left\{ \left( \frac{1}{3}x \right)^2 - \left( \frac{1}{4}y \right)^2 \right\} = 12 \left( \frac{1}{9}x^2 - \frac{1}{16}y^2 \right)$$

$$= \frac{4}{3}x^2 - \frac{3}{4}y^2$$

2.  $(4x - a) \left(3x + \frac{1}{3}\right)$  의 전개식에서  $x$ 의 계수와 상수항이 서로 같을 때,  
상수  $a$ 의 값은?

- ①  $-\frac{1}{3}$       ②  $\frac{1}{12}$       ③  $\frac{1}{3}$       ④  $\frac{1}{2}$       ⑤ 1

해설

$$(4x - a) \left(3x + \frac{1}{3}\right) = 12x^2 + \left(-3a + \frac{4}{3}\right)x - \frac{1}{3}a$$
$$-3a + \frac{4}{3} = -\frac{1}{3}a$$
$$\therefore a = \frac{1}{2}$$

3.  $2(3+1)(3^2+1)(3^4+1)(3^8+1) = 3^a + b$  일 때, 상수  $a, b$ 의 합  $a+b$ 의 값은?

① 15      ② 16      ③ -15      ④ -16      ⑤ 9

해설

$$\begin{aligned} 2 &= 3 - 1 \quad \text{○]므로} \\ (3-1)(3+1)(3^2+1)(3^4+1)(3^8+1) &= (3^2-1)(3^2+1)(3^4+1)(3^8+1) \\ &= (3^4-1)(3^4+1)(3^8+1) \\ &= (3^8-1)(3^8+1) \\ &= 3^{16}-1 \\ a = 16, b = -1 & \\ \therefore a+b = 15 & \end{aligned}$$