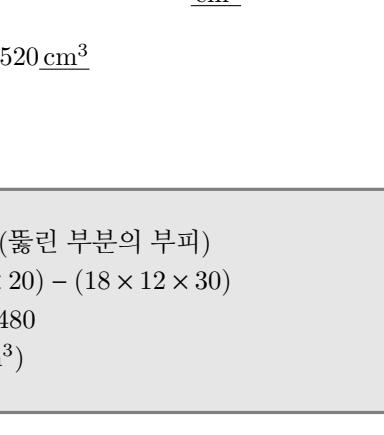


1. 다음 도형의 부피를 구하시오.



▶ 답 :  $\underline{\text{cm}^3}$

▷ 정답 :  $20520 \underline{\text{cm}^3}$

해설

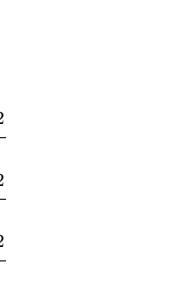
$$\begin{aligned}&(\text{전체부피}) - (\text{뚫린 부분의 부피}) \\&= (45 \times 30 \times 20) - (18 \times 12 \times 30) \\&= 27000 - 6480 \\&= 20520 (\text{cm}^3)\end{aligned}$$

2. 다음 직육면체의 겉넓이를 구하시오.

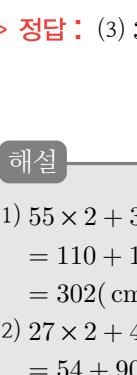
(1)



(2)



(3)



▶ 답: cm<sup>2</sup>

▶ 답: cm<sup>2</sup>

▶ 답: cm<sup>2</sup>

▷ 정답: (1) 302cm<sup>2</sup>

▷ 정답: (2) 414cm<sup>2</sup>

▷ 정답: (3) 352cm<sup>2</sup>

해설

$$(1) 55 \times 2 + 30 \times 2 + 66 \times 2$$

$$= 110 + 132 + 60$$

$$= 302(\text{cm}^2)$$

$$(2) 27 \times 2 + 45 \times 2 + 135 \times 2$$

$$= 54 + 90 + 270$$

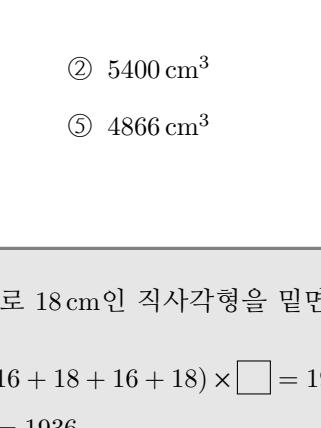
$$= 414(\text{cm}^2)$$

$$(3) 16 \times 2 + 80 \times 2 + 80 \times 2$$

$$= 32 + 160 + 160$$

$$= 352(\text{cm}^2)$$

3. 다음 도형의 겉넓이를 이용하여 부피를 구하시오.



$$\text{겉넓이} : 1936 \text{ cm}^2$$

- ① 5760 cm<sup>3</sup>      ② 5400 cm<sup>3</sup>      ③ 5216 cm<sup>3</sup>  
④ 4924 cm<sup>3</sup>      ⑤ 4866 cm<sup>3</sup>

해설

가로 16 cm, 세로 18 cm인 직사각형을 밑면으로 하여 높이를 구해 봅니다.

$$16 \times 18 \times 2 + (16 + 18 + 16 + 18) \times \square = 1936$$

$$576 + 68 \times \square = 1936$$

$$\square = (1936 - 576) \div 68 = 20(\text{cm})$$

$$(\text{부피}) = 16 \times 18 \times 20 = 5760(\text{cm}^3)$$