

# stress test

1.  $a^3 \times a^4 \times a^5 = a^{3+4+5} = a^{12}$  ? ( $a \neq 0, b \neq 0$ ) [배점 2, 하중]

①  $a^4 \times a^4 \times a$

②  $a^{18} \div a^2$

③  $(a^3)^5 \div a^6$

④  $(a^3b^2)^3 \div (b^3)^2$

⑤  $(a^3)^3$

해설

$$\frac{b^8}{a^4} = \left(\frac{b^2}{a}\right)^4 = \left(\frac{a^3b^4}{a^4b^2}\right)^4 = \left(\frac{a^3b^{\square}}{a^{\square}b^2}\right)^4$$

2.  $a^3 \times b^x \times a^y \times b^4 = a^9b^{10}$  이  $x - y$  는  $\hat{e}^{\circ}$  이  $\hat{e}^{\circ}$  이  $\hat{e}^{\circ}$  이  $\hat{e}^{\circ}$ . [배점 2, 하중]

▶ 답:

▷ 정답: 0

해설

$$a^{3+y}b^{x+4} = a^9b^{10}$$

$$3 + y = 9 \quad \therefore y = 6$$

$$x + 4 = 10 \quad \therefore x = 6$$

$$x = 6, y = 6 \text{ 이 } \hat{e}^{\circ} \text{ 이 } \hat{e}^{\circ} \text{ 이 } x - y = 0 \text{ 이 } \hat{e}^{\circ} \text{ 이}.$$

3.  $\left(\frac{a^2b^{\square}}{a^{\square}b^2}\right)^4 = \frac{b^8}{a^4}$  이  $\hat{e}^{\circ}$  이  $\hat{e}^{\circ}$  이  $\hat{e}^{\circ}$  이  $\hat{e}^{\circ}$  이  $\hat{e}^{\circ}$  이  $\hat{e}^{\circ}$  이  $\hat{e}^{\circ}$ . [배점 2, 하중]

▶ 답:

▷ 정답: 4

4.  $A = \frac{2x-y}{2}, B = \frac{x+3y+2}{3}$  이  $\hat{e}^{\circ}$ ,  $A - \{2A - 3B - 3(A - 2B)\}$  이  $x, y$  이  $\hat{e}^{\circ}$  이  $\hat{e}^{\circ}$  이  $\hat{e}^{\circ}$  이  $\hat{e}^{\circ}$ . [배점 2, 하중]

▶ 답:

▷ 정답:  $x - 4y - 2$

해설

$$(A - (2A - 3B - 3(A - 2B))) = A - (2A - 3B - 3A + 6B)$$

$$A - (-A + 3B) = 2A - 3B$$

$$A, B \text{ 이 } \hat{e}^{\circ} \text{ 이 } \hat{e}^{\circ} \text{ 이 } \hat{e}^{\circ} \text{ 이 } \hat{e}^{\circ}$$

$$(A - (2A - 3B - 3A + 6B)) = 2x - y - (x + 3y + 2) = x - 4y - 2$$

5.  $5^5 + 25$       ②  $5^5 \times 25$       ③  $5^7$   
 ④  $(5^5)^2$       ⑤  $(5^5)^{25}$

해설

$$5^5 \times 25 = 5^5 \times 5^2 = 5^7$$

6.  $a^2b \times a^2b^3 \div a^3b^3$  ?

[배점 3, 하상]

①  $a^2b \times a^2b^3 \div a^3b^3$

②  $(-a)^2 \div ab \times b^2$

③  $a^3b^4 \div (-a) \div (-ab^3)$

④  $ab^2 \times a^2b \div (-ab)^2$

⑤  $b \div a^3 \times a^4b$

해설

①  $a^2b \times a^2b^3 \div a^3b^3 = a^2b \times a^2b^3 \times \frac{1}{a^3b^3} = ab$

②  $(-a)^2 \div ab \times b^2 = a^2 \times \frac{1}{ab} \times b^2 = ab$

③  $a^3b^4 \div (-a) \div (-ab^3) = a^3b^4 \times \frac{1}{(-a)} \times \frac{1}{(-ab^3)} = ab$

④  $ab^2 \times a^2b \div (-ab)^2 = ab^2 \times a^2b \times \frac{1}{a^2b^2} = ab$

⑤  $b \div a^3 \times a^4b = b \times \left(\frac{1}{a}\right)^3 \times a^4b = ab^2$

7.  $x^9 \div (x^2)^3$  ?

$\hat{e}^3 \cdot \hat{e}^{\circ}$

Ⓐ  $(x^9)^2 \div (x^2)^3 = x^3$

Ⓑ  $x^5 \times x^5 \times x^2 = x^{50}$

Ⓒ  $x^{10} \div x^5 \div x^5 = 0$

Ⓓ  $2^3 \div 2^x = \frac{1}{8} \text{ } \therefore x = 6$

Ⓔ  $2^{2+2} = a \times 2^2 \text{ } \therefore a = 4$

[배점 3, 하상]

Ⓐ

Ⓑ, Ⓣ, Ⓥ

Ⓒ, Ⓛ, Ⓝ

④ Ⓛ, Ⓝ

Ⓓ, Ⓡ, Ⓢ, Ⓛ

해설

Ⓐ  $(x^9)^2 \div (x^2)^3 = x^9 \times 2 \div x^2 \times 3 = x^{18-6} = x^{12}$

Ⓑ  $x^5 \times x^5 \times x^2 = x^{5+5+2} = x^{12}$

Ⓒ  $x^{10} \div x^5 \div x^5 = x^{10-5-5} = x^0 = 1$

Ⓓ  $2^3 \div 2^x = \frac{2^3}{2^x} = \frac{1}{2^3} \therefore x = 6$

Ⓔ  $2^{2+2} = 2^2 \times 2^2 = a \times 2^2 \therefore a = 4$

8.  $(5x - 6)(4x + 3)$  ? [배점 3, 하상]

Ⓐ  $20x^2 + 2x - 18$

Ⓑ  $20x^2 + 4x - 18$

Ⓒ  $20x^2 + 6x - 18$

Ⓓ  $20x^2 - 9x + 18$

⑤  $20x^2 - 9x - 18$

**해설**

$$(5x - 6)(4x + 3) = (5 \times 4)x^2 + \{5 \times 3 + (-6) \times 4\}x + (-6) \times 3 = 20x^2 - 9x - 18$$

**해설**

- ①  $4 \times (-2)^3 = 4 \times (-8) = -32$
- ②  $(-2)^2 \times (-2)^2 = (-2)^4 = 16$
- ③  $(-2)^2 \times (-8) = 4 \times (-8) = -32$
- ④  $9 \times 3^2 = 3^2 \times 3^2 = 3^4$
- ⑤  $(-3) \times (-3)^3 = (-3)^4 = 3^4$

9.  $a = \frac{1}{2}, b = -\frac{2}{3}, c = -\frac{3}{4}$  일 때,  $\frac{a-b}{a+c} - ab + \frac{b}{c}$ 의 값은 얼마인가? [배점 3, 중하]

①  $\frac{31}{9}$

②  $\frac{28}{9}$

③  $-\frac{31}{3}$

④  $-\frac{31}{9}$

⑤  $-\frac{28}{9}$

**해설**

$$a - b = \frac{1}{2} - \left( -\frac{2}{3} \right) = \frac{7}{6}$$

$$a + c = \frac{1}{2} + \left( -\frac{3}{4} \right) = -\frac{1}{4}$$

$$ab = \frac{1}{2} \times \left( -\frac{2}{3} \right) = -\frac{1}{3}$$

$$\frac{b}{c} = \left( -\frac{2}{3} \right) \times \left( -\frac{4}{3} \right) = \frac{8}{9}$$

$$\therefore \frac{a-b}{a+c} - ab + \frac{b}{c} = \frac{\frac{7}{6}}{-\frac{1}{4}} - \left( -\frac{1}{3} \right) + \frac{8}{9} = -\frac{31}{9}$$

10. 다음의 값을 구하시오. [배점 3, 중하]

①  $4 \times (-2)^3 = 32$

②  $(-2)^2 \times (-2)^2 = -16$

③  $(-2)^2 \times (-8) = -32$

④  $9 \times 3^2 = 3^3$

⑤  $(-3) \times (-3)^3 = -3^4$

11. 다음의 값을 구하시오. [배점 3, 중하]

①  $(-1)^2 \times (-1)^4 = (-1)^8$

②  $3^2 \times 3^3 = 3^6$

③  $(-2) \times (-2)^3 = (-2)^3$

④  $4^3 \times 4^2 = 4^5$

⑤  $(-3)^2 \times (-3) = 3^2$

**해설**

①  $(-1)^2 \times (-1)^4 = (-1)^{2+4} = (-1)^6$

②  $3^2 \times 3^3 = 3^{2+3} = 3^5$

③  $(-2) \times (-2)^3 = (-2)^{1+3} = (-2)^4$

④  $(-3)^2 \times (-3) = 3^{2+1} = 3^3$

12. 다음의 값을 구하시오. [배점 3, 중하]

$$\left( -3x^{\square}y^2 \right)^3 = -27x^{12}y^{\square}$$

▶ 답:

▶ 답:

▷ 정답: 4

▷ 정답: 6

**해설**

$$x^{3 \times \boxed{\quad}} = x^{12}$$

$$\therefore \boxed{\quad} = 4$$

$$y^{2 \times 3} = y^{\boxed{\quad}}$$

$$\therefore \boxed{\quad} = 6$$

**해설**

$$\textcircled{1} -(a - 5b) = -a + 5b$$

$$\textcircled{3} 2x(3x - 6) = 6x^2 - 12x$$

13.  $2^{12} \times 5^{13}$  ì ë a ì ë | -ì ì , ì § êp -í ì -ë ¼.

[배점 3, 중하]

▶ 답:

▷ 정답: 13 ì ë | -ì ì

**해설**

$$\begin{aligned} 2^{12} \times 5^{13} &= 2^{12} \times 5^{12} \times 5 = (2 \times 5)^{12} \times 5 \\ &= 10^{12} \times 5 \end{aligned}$$

14. ë xì ê 3 i ° i x ì 3 i ê 2 ì ë a " e ê 3 e ¥' e C'?

[배점 3, 중하]

①  $-(a - 5b) = a + 5b$

②  $-x(-3x + y) = 3x^2 - xy$

③  $2x(3x - 6) = 6x^2 - 12x$

④  $3x(2x - 3y) - 2y(x + y) = 6x^2 - 11xy - 2y^2$

⑤  $-x(x - y + 2) + 3y(2x + y + 4) =$   
 $-x^2 + 7xy - 2x + 3y^2 + 12y$

15. ì ì a, b ì ë í ì - 3x - 5y - \{y - 2(2x + 3y)\} = ax + by ì ¼ ë , a + b ì ê° ì êp -í ì -ë ¼.

[배점 3, 중하]

▶ 답:

▷ 정답: 7

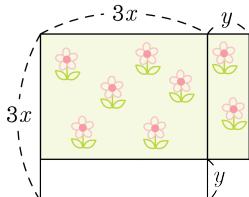
**해설**

$$\begin{aligned} 3x - 5y - \{y - 2(2x + 3y)\} \\ &= 3x - 5y - (y - 4x - 6y) \\ &= 3x - 5y - (-4x - 5y) \\ &= 3x - 5y + 4x + 5y \\ &= 3x + 4x - 5y + 5y \\ &= (3 + 4)x + (-5 + 5)y \\ &= 7x \end{aligned}$$

ì 'ë - ë | a = 7, b = 0 ì 'ë x.

$$\therefore a + b = 7 + 0 = 7$$

- 16.**  $\int \frac{dx}{x^2 + 1}$   $=$   $\frac{1}{2} \arctan x + C$



[배점 3, 중하]

- ①  $9x^2 + 6xy + y^2(m^2)$
  - ②  $9x^2 - 6xy + y^2(m^2)$
  - ③  $6x^2 - y^2(m^2)$
  - ④  $9x^2 - y^2(m^2)$
  - ⑤  $9x^2 + y^2(m^2)$

해설

$$\begin{aligned} & \hat{e}^3 \hat{i} \hat{e} \hat{e}^{1/2} \hat{e}^0 \hat{-i} \hat{e}^0 \hat{e} \hat{j} \hat{i} \hat{e}_{\hat{s}, \hat{s}} \hat{l} \hat{e} \hat{3x} + y(\text{cm}), \\ & \hat{l} \hat{e} \hat{j} \hat{l} \hat{e}_{\hat{s}, \hat{s}} \hat{l} \hat{e} \hat{3x} - y(\text{cm}) \hat{l} \hat{e} \hat{o} \hat{x}. \hat{e}^{0} \hat{e}^{1/4} \hat{l} \\ & \hat{e}^3 \hat{i} \hat{e} \hat{e}^{1/2} \hat{e}^0 \hat{-i} \hat{e} \hat{i} \hat{e} \hat{(3x+y)(3x-y)} = \\ & 9x^2 - y^2 (\text{cm}^2) \hat{l} \hat{e} \hat{o} \hat{x}. \end{aligned}$$

- $$17. \quad a : b = 3 : 2 \text{ and } \frac{3a^3b^3}{(-2a^2b)^2} = 10^{-1} \text{ and } a = 1.$$

[배점 4, 중중]

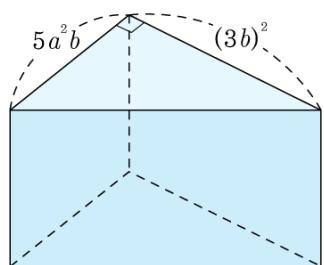
답:

▶ 정답 :  $\frac{1}{2}$

해설

$$\begin{aligned}(\text{i} \propto \text{i}^-) &= \frac{3a^3b^3}{4a^4b^2} = \frac{3b}{4a} \\ b &= \frac{2}{3}a \\ \therefore \frac{3b}{4a} &= \frac{2a}{4a} = \frac{1}{2}\end{aligned}$$

- $$18. \quad \begin{array}{l} \text{é xi} \\ \text{ì } \frac{1}{4} \hat{\text{e}}^{\circ} \text{ ê } \text{, } \text{é } \frac{1}{4} \hat{\text{e}}^{\circ} \text{ é } \text{Yi} \\ \text{é } \frac{1}{4} \hat{\text{e}}^{\circ} \text{ } (3ab^2)^4 \text{ i } \text{, } \\ \text{é } \text{, } \text{ì } \frac{1}{4} \hat{\text{e}}^{\circ} \text{ ê } \text{, } \text{é } \frac{1}{4} \hat{\text{e}}^{\circ} \text{ é } \text{Yi} \\ \text{é } \text{, } \text{ì } \text{é } ? \end{array}$$



### [배점 4, 중중]

- ①  $\frac{9}{5}a^2b^5$       ②  $\frac{27}{5}ab^6$       ③  $\frac{27}{10}a^2b^5$   
 ④  $\frac{8}{15}ab^4$       ⑤  $\frac{18}{5}a^2b^5$

해설

$$\begin{aligned} & \left( \frac{1}{4} \hat{a}^{\circ} \hat{b} \right)^4 = \frac{1}{24} \times 5a^2b \times (3b)^2 = \frac{45a^2b^3}{2} \\ & h = (3ab^2)^4 \times \frac{2}{45a^2b^3} = \frac{18}{5}a^2b^5 \end{aligned}$$

19. è æì ì ì ê° è "í í è@'?

$$(4a^2b - 8ab + 2b) \div (-2b) + (a^2x - ax) \div \frac{1}{3}x$$

[배점 4, 중]

- ①  $a - 1$       ②  $\cancel{a^2 + a - 1}$   
③  $a^2 - 1$       ④  $a^2 - a$   
⑤  $2a^2 + a - 1$

해설

$$\begin{aligned}
 & (4a^2b - 8ab + 2b) \div (-2b) + (a^2x - ax) \times \frac{3}{x} \\
 &= \frac{4a^2b - 8ab + 2b}{-2b} + \frac{3(a^2x - ax)}{x} \\
 &= -2a^2 + 4a - 1 + 3a^2 - 3a \\
 &= a^2 + a - 1
 \end{aligned}$$

**20.**  $(8a^2b - 4ab^2) \div (-4b) + (3a - 2b) \times a + a \times (-3b)$   
 i, , i, i, ' i, e o. a = -2, b = -3 i 1/4 e i i i e o i ?

- ① -26      ② -20      ③ -10  
④ 4      ⑤ 20

해설

$$\begin{aligned}
 & (8a^2b - 4ab^2) \div (-4b) + (3a - 2b) \times a + a \times (-3b) \\
 &= \frac{8a^2b - 4ab^2}{-4b} + 3a^2 - 2ab - 3ab \\
 &= -2a^2 + ab + 3a^2 - 5ab \\
 &= a^2 - 4ab \\
 &= (-2)^2 - 4(-2)(-3) \\
 &= 4 - 24 = -20
 \end{aligned}$$

- ①  $91^2 \rightarrow (a + b)^2 = a^2 + 2ab + b^2$

②  $597^2 \rightarrow (a - b)^2 = a^2 - 2ab + b^2$

③  $103^2 \rightarrow (a + b)^2 = a^2 + 2ab + b^2$

④  $84 \times 75 \rightarrow (a + b)(a - b) = a^2 - b^2$

⑤  $50.9 \times 49.1 \rightarrow (a + b)(a - b) = a^2 - b^2$

해설

$$\textcircled{4} \quad 84 \times 75 = (80 + 4)(80 - 5)$$

22.

$$4\hat{e}^\circ \text{ i } \hat{i} \text{ i } a, b, c, d \text{ i } \ddot{e} \text{ i } \hat{i} - \hat{e}, \hat{o}, \text{ i } | \ddot{e}Y^{1/4} \begin{vmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{vmatrix} =$$

$$ad - bc \in \mathbb{F} \text{ and } ad - bc \neq 0.$$

$$\text{ì } \ddot{\text{ë}} \text{ , } \begin{vmatrix} x+2y-3 & -\frac{3}{2} \\ y-x+1 & \frac{1}{2} \end{vmatrix} \text{ì ? }$$

- ①  $x - \frac{5}{2}y - 3$       ②  $x - \frac{3}{2}y - 2$   
 ③  $x + \frac{3}{2}y - 1$       ④  $-x + \frac{5}{2}y$   
 ⑤  $-x + \frac{7}{2}y$

## 해설

$$\begin{aligned}
 & (x + 2y - 3) \times \frac{1}{2} - \left(-\frac{3}{2}\right) \times (y - x + 1) \\
 &= \left(\frac{1}{2}x + y - \frac{3}{2}\right) - \left(-\frac{3}{2}y + \frac{3}{2}x - \frac{3}{2}\right) \\
 &= \frac{1}{2}x + y - \frac{3}{2} + \frac{3}{2}y - \frac{3}{2}x + \frac{3}{2} \\
 &= -x + \frac{5}{2}y
 \end{aligned}$$

24.  $a, b, c, d$  使得  $a + b - 3c + 3d = 14$ .

## 解説

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \textcircled{1} \quad x - [2x - (y - 3x) - \{x - (3x - y)\}] = \\
 & \qquad ax + by \\
 & \textcircled{2} \quad 5y - \left[2y - \frac{2}{3}(x - y) - \left\{\frac{5}{3}x - (x - 4y)\right\}\right] \\
 & \qquad = cx + dy
 \end{aligned}$$

[배점 5, 중상]

## ▶ 답:

▷ 정답: 11

23.  $-4a - \{3a + 5b - 2(a - 2b - \boxed{\quad})\} = -a - 11b$

使得  $\boxed{\quad}$  ?

[배점 5, 중상]

- ①  $-3b - 2a$     ②  $-b - 4a$     ③  $b - 2a$   
 ④  $2a + 3b$     ⑤  $3a + 3b$

## 해설

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -4a - \{3a + 5b - 2(a - 2b - \boxed{\quad})\} \\
 &= -4a - (3a + 5b - 2a + 4b + 2\boxed{\quad}) \\
 &= -4a - 3a - 5b + 2a - 4b - 2\boxed{\quad} \\
 &= -5a - 9b - 2\boxed{\quad} = -a - 11b \\
 \therefore \boxed{\quad} &= b - 2a
 \end{aligned}$$

## 해설

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \textcircled{1} \quad x - [2x - (y - 3x) - \{x - (3x - y)\}] \\
 &= x - \{2x - y + 3x - (x - 3x + y)\} \\
 &= x - \{2x + 3x - y - (-2x + y)\} \\
 &= x - (5x - y + 2x - y) \\
 &= x - (5x + 2x - y - y) \\
 &= x - (7x - 2y) \\
 &= x - 7x + 2y \\
 &= -6x + 2y
 \end{aligned}$$

使得  $a = -6, b = 2$  时成立.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \textcircled{2} \quad 5y - \left[2y - \frac{2}{3}(x - y) - \left\{\frac{5}{3}x - (x - 4y)\right\}\right] \\
 &= 5y - \left\{2y - \frac{2}{3}x + \frac{2}{3}y - \left(\frac{5}{3}x - x + 4y\right)\right\} \\
 &= 5y - \left\{-\frac{2}{3}x + 2y + \frac{2}{3}y - \left(\frac{2}{3}x + 4y\right)\right\} \\
 &= 5y - \left(-\frac{2}{3}x + \frac{8}{3}y - \frac{2}{3}x - 4y\right) \\
 &= 5y - \left(-\frac{4}{3}x - \frac{4}{3}y\right) \\
 &= 5y + \frac{4}{3}x + \frac{4}{3}y \\
 &= \frac{4}{3}x + \frac{19}{3}y
 \end{aligned}$$

使得  $c = \frac{4}{3}, d = \frac{19}{3}$  时成立.

$$\therefore a + b - 3c + 3d = -6 + 2 - 3 \times \frac{4}{3} + 3 \times \frac{19}{3} = 11$$

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25.  $abc = 1$  이  $\frac{1}{4}$  을 ,  $\frac{a}{ab+a+1} + \frac{b}{bc+b+1} + \frac{c}{ca+c+1}$   
인 경우에  $a+b+c$ 의 값을 구하라. [배점 5, 중상]

▶ 답:

▷ 정답: 1

해설

$$\begin{aligned}& \frac{a}{ab+a+1} + \frac{b}{bc+b+1} + \frac{c}{ca+c+1} \\&= \frac{a}{ab+a+1} + \frac{ab}{a(bc+b+1)} + \frac{abc}{ab(ca+c+1)} \\&= \frac{a}{ab+a+1} + \frac{ab}{abc+ab+a} + \frac{abc}{a^2bc+abc+ab} \\&= \frac{a}{ab+a+1} + \frac{ab}{1+ab+a} + \frac{1}{a+1+ab} \\&= \frac{a+ab+1}{ab+a+1} = 1\end{aligned}$$