

5. $(-2x^7)^2 \div (-x^3)^2 \times 3x = 6x^{10}$ [배점 3, 하상]

① $(-2x^7)^2 \div (-x^3)^2 \times 3x = 6x^{10}$

② $2ab + (3a^3b)^2 \div a^5b = 11ab$

③ $(2x^2 + 5x - 7) + (-3x^2 + 6x + 6)$
 $= -x^2 + 11x + 2$

④ $(6a^2b + 4a^2) \div 2a = 3b + 2a$

⑤ $-3x(2x - y) + 9x^2 = 15x^2 + 3xy$

해설

$$2ab + (3a^3b)^2 \div a^5b = 2ab + 9a^6b^2 \div a^5b = 2ab + 9ab = 11ab$$

6. $(\quad) - (3x^2 - y) = 5x^2 + 2y$ [] ? [배점 3, 하상]

① $-8x^2 - 3y$

② $-8x^2 - y$

③ $-2x^2 + 3y$

④ $8x^2 + y$

⑤ $8x^2 + 2y$

해설

$$(\quad) = 5x^2 + 2y + (3x^2 - y) = 8x^2 + y$$

7. $\frac{-4x^2 + 2x}{x} - \frac{3y^2 - 2xy}{y}$? x y a , b ? [배점 3, 하상]

- ① 8 ② 6 ③ 4 ④ -2 ⑤ -4

해설

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{-4x^2 + 2x}{x} - \frac{3y^2 - 2xy}{y} \\ &= -4x + 2 - 3y + 2x \\ &= -2x - 3y + 2 \\ &a = -2, b = -3 \\ &\therefore ab = 6 \end{aligned}$$

8. $\frac{4a^2 + 6ab}{a} - \frac{3b^2 - 4ab}{b}$? [배점 3, 하상]

- ① $3b$ ② $8a + 3b$ ③ $8a + 9b$
 ④ $9b$ ⑤ $8b - 9b$

해설

$$\begin{aligned} (\quad) &= 4a + 6b - (3b - 4a) \\ &= 8a + 3b \end{aligned}$$

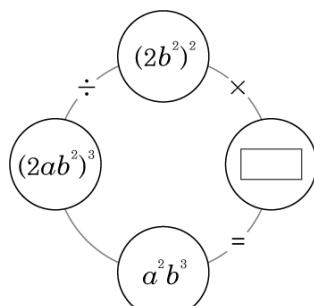
9. $2y - [x + y - \{2x - (5x + 3y)\}]$ [배점 3, 하상]

- ① $-5x - 2y$ ② $-4x - 2y$ ③ $x + 3y$
 ④ $2x - 5y$ ⑤ $4x + 3y$

해설

$$\begin{aligned} & 2y - \{x + y - (2x - 5x - 3y)\} \\ &= 2y - \{x + y - (-3x - 3y)\} \\ &= 2y - (x + y + 3x + 3y) \\ &= 2y - 4x - 4y = -4x - 2y \end{aligned}$$

10. $\frac{\square}{(2ab^2)^3} \times \frac{\square}{a^2b^3} = \frac{b}{2a}$



[배점 3, 중하]

▶ 답:

▷ 정답: $\frac{b}{2a}$

해설

$$\begin{aligned} & (2ab^2)^3 \div (2b^2)^2 \times \square = a^2b^3 \text{ 일 때 } \\ & (2ab^2)^3 \div (2b^2)^2 \times \square = a^2b^3 \text{ 이다.} \\ & \square = a^2b^3 \times (2b^2)^2 \div (2ab^2)^3 \text{ 일 때 } \\ & a^2b^3 \times 4b^4 \div 8a^3b^6 = 4a^2b^7 \div 8a^3b^6 = \frac{b}{2a} \text{ 일 때 } \\ & \square = \frac{b}{2a} \text{ 일 때 } \end{aligned}$$

11. $128^{2a-1} \div 16^{a+2} = 8^{3a-4}$ [배점 3, 중하]

▶ 답:

▷ 정답: 3

해설

$$\begin{aligned} & (2^7)^{2a-1} \div (2^4)^{a+2} = (2^3)^{3a-4} \\ & 7(2a-1) - 4(a+2) = 3(3a-4) \\ & 14a - 7 - 4a - 8 = 9a - 12 \\ & 10a - 9a = -12 + 15 \\ & \therefore a = 3 \end{aligned}$$

12. $(-3x^{\square}y^2)^3 = -27x^{12}y^{\square}$ [배점 3, 중하]

▶ 답:

▶ 답:

▷ 정답: 4

▷ 정답: 6

해설

$$\begin{aligned} & x^{3 \times \square} = x^{12} \\ & \therefore \square = 4 \\ & y^{2 \times 3} = y^{\square} \\ & \therefore \square = 6 \end{aligned}$$

13. ë øì ë³'ê, ° ìø ì 'í°"ì ì ëa"ë ëa ë° ì ,ë° ?

ë³'ê, °

① $4x^2 - 5x$

② $x(4x - 4) + 2 - 4x^2$

③ $\frac{1}{x^2} - x$

④ $(2 - 4x + 3x^2) - 2(x^2 - 4x + 1)$

⑤ $\left(\frac{1}{2}x^2 + 4x - 1\right) - \left(-1 - 4x - \frac{1}{3}x^2\right)$

[배점 3, 중하]

① 1 ê°

② 2 ê°

③ 3 ê°

④ 4 ê°

⑤ 5 ê°

해설

ì ì ì ê° ì ¥ ë ì í°"ì ê° ì 'í°"ì ì 'ì 'ì ¼ í ë ø.

①. $4x^2 - 5x \rightarrow$ í 'í°"ì ì 'ë ø.

②.

$$\begin{aligned} x(4x - 4) + 2 - 4x^2 &= 4x^2 - 4x + 2 - 4x^2 \\ &= -4x + 2 \end{aligned}$$

\rightarrow ê³'ì °ì í ë ð'ì 'í°"í -ì 'ì ê±°ë ë ø.

③. $\frac{1}{x^2} - x \rightarrow$ í 'í°"í -ì 'ë ¶ ëa"ì ì 'ì ¼ë -ë ì

④.

$$(2 - 4x + 3x^2) - 2(x^2 - 4x + 1)$$

$$= 2 - 4x + 3x^2 - 2x^2 + 8x - 2$$

$$= x^2 + 4x$$

\rightarrow í 'í°"ì ì 'ë ø.

⑤.

$$\left(\frac{1}{2}x^2 + 4x - 1\right) - \left(-1 - 4x - \frac{1}{3}x^2\right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}x^2 + 4x - 1 + 1 + 4x + \frac{1}{3}x^2$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}x^2 + \frac{1}{3}x^2 + 8x$$

$$= \frac{5}{6}x^2 + \frac{2}{6}x^2 + 8x$$

$$= \frac{5}{6}x^2 + 8x$$

\rightarrow í 'í°"ì ì 'ë ø.

14. $\frac{3}{4}xy \left(-\frac{5}{3}x + \frac{1}{6}y - \frac{1}{3} \right)$ ì ê° ë "í í ì ì ë , ê° í -ì ê³' ì ì í ð'ì a ë ¼ í ì . ì 'ë , $|8a|$ ì ê° ì ?

[배점 3, 중하]

① $\frac{15}{8}$ ② $\frac{11}{8}$ ③ 11 ④ 15 ⑤ $\frac{1}{8}$

해설

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{3}{4}xy \times \left(-\frac{5}{3}x \right) + \frac{3}{4}xy \times \frac{1}{6}y + \frac{3}{4}xy \times \left(-\frac{1}{3} \right) = \\ -\frac{5}{4}x^2y + \frac{1}{8}xy^2 - \frac{1}{4}xy \\ \text{ë °ë ¼ì } a = \left(-\frac{5}{4} \right) + \frac{1}{8} + \left(-\frac{1}{4} \right) = -\frac{11}{8} \text{ ì 'ë -ë ì} \\ |8a| = 11 \text{ ì 'ë ø.} \end{aligned}$$

15. ë øì ij°ê±'ì ë§ ij±í ë , ì ì A, B, C, D, E ì ê° ì 'ì ë _ ê² ì ?

① $4(x^2 - 3x) - (3x^2 - 6x + 7) = Ax^2 + Bx - 7$

② $\frac{2x^2 - 3x + 1}{2} - \frac{x^2 - 2x + 3}{3} =$
 $\frac{Cx^2 + Dx + E}{6}$

[배점 3, 중하]

① A = 1 ② B = -6 ③ C = 4

④ D = -5 ⑤ E = 3

해설

$$\begin{aligned}
 \textcircled{\text{D}} \quad & 4(x^2 - 3x) - (3x^2 - 6x + 7) \\
 &= 4x^2 - 12x - 3x^2 + 6x - 7 \\
 &= x^2 - 6x - 7 \\
 \textcircled{\text{I}}, \quad & Ax^2 + Bx - 7 = x^2 - 6x - 7 \text{ ì 'ë ø.} \\
 \text{è °ë ¼ì } \quad & A = 1, B = -6 \text{ ì 'ë ø.} \\
 \textcircled{\text{L}} \quad & \frac{2x^2 - 3x + 1}{2} - \frac{x^2 - 2x + 3}{3} \\
 &= \frac{3(2x^2 - 3x + 1)}{6} - \frac{2(x^2 - 2x + 3)}{6} \\
 &= \frac{6x^2 - 9x + 3}{6} - \frac{2x^2 - 4x + 6}{6} \\
 &= \frac{6x^2 - 9x + 3 - (2x^2 - 4x + 6)}{6} \\
 &= \frac{6x^2 - 9x + 3 - 2x^2 + 4x - 6}{6} \\
 &= \frac{4x^2 - 5x - 3}{6} \\
 \textcircled{\text{I}}, \quad & \frac{Cx^2 + Dx + E}{6} = \frac{4x^2 - 5x - 3}{6} \text{ ì 'ë ø.} \\
 \text{è °ë ¼ì } \quad & C = 4, D = -5, E = -3 \text{ ì 'ë ø.}
 \end{aligned}$$

16. í ë̄ì ê̄,ì 'ê̄° xm ì ,ì ì -ê̄° f ì ë̄a°ì ì í è̄ "ì
 ê̄° ë̄l è̄ 2 m ë§ í ¼ è̄l -ê̄³ , ì ë̄l è̄ 3 m ë§ í ¼
 í ñì ¼ è̄ , í è̄ "ì è̄ ì 'è̄ ? [배점 3, 중하]

- ① $(x^2 - 9) m^2$ ② $(x^2 - x - 6) m^2$
 ③ $(x^2 + x - 6) m^2$ ④ $(x^2 - 4x + 4) m^2$
 ⑤ $(x^2 + 6x + 9) m^2$

해설

$$(x+2)(x-3) = x^2 - x - 6$$

17. ē øì ē³'ē, ° ìø ì³ì ê²ì ē^a~ē ê³ ē¥, ê²ì ?

$$\text{_____} \quad \boxed{\ddot{e}^3 \hat{e}^\circ}$$

[배점 4, 중중]

- ① Ⓛ, Ⓜ ② Ⓛ, Ⓝ ③ Ⓛ, Ⓜ
④ Ⓜ, Ⓝ ⑤ Ⓛ, Ⓜ, Ⓝ

해설

⑦ $8^4 = (2^3)^4 = 2^{12}$
 ⑧ $(-25)^4 = (-5^2)^4 = 5^8$
 ⑨ $27^8 = (3^3)^8 = 3^{24}$
 ⑩ $64^5 = (2^6)^5 = 2^{30}$

ë °ë ¼ì ì ³ì ê² ì ⑦, ⑧ì 'ë ø.

ìœ ì¼ œ , í œ “ì œ ì œ ? [배점 3, 중하]

18. $12x^3y^2 \div (-4x^2y) \times \boxed{} = 9x^2y^4$ 이 $\frac{1}{4}$ 을, $\boxed{}$
 이 $\frac{1}{2}$ 을 $\frac{1}{2}$ 로 몫으로 나누면 몫은 $\boxed{}$ 이다.
 [배점 4, 중중]

- ① -3^3y ② $-3xy^3$ ③ x^2y
④ xy^2 ⑤ $3xy^3$

해설

$$\begin{aligned} & 12x^3y^2 \div (-4x^2y) \times \boxed{} \\ & = -3xy \times \boxed{} = 9x^2y^4 \\ \therefore & \boxed{} = \frac{9x^2y^4}{-3xy} = -3xy^3 \end{aligned}$$

19. $3x(x - y) + (4x^3y - 8x^2y^2) \div (-2xy)$ ඇයුණු අවබෝධන සඳහා
 ප්‍රතිඵලිය යොමු කිරීමෙහිදී, x^2 නිස් ප්‍රතිඵලිය යොමු කිරීමෙහිදී, x^3 නිස් ප්‍රතිඵලිය යොමු කිරීමෙහිදී, y^2 නිස් ප්‍රතිඵලිය යොමු කිරීමෙහිදී.

[배점 4, 중중]

四：

▶ 정답 : 1

해설

ì 'ë ø ì ì Aë ¼ í ë©'

$$A + (2x - 5y + 3) = 6x - y + 4$$

$$A = (6x - y + 4) - (2x - 5y + 3) = 4x + 4y + 1$$

$$\therefore (4x + 4y + 1) - (2x - 5y + 3) = 2x + 9y - 2$$

해설

$$(i \otimes i) = 3x^2 - 3xy - 2x^2 + 4xy = x^2 + xy$$

$\ddot{e} \circ \dot{e}^{-1} i = x^2 - i \cdot e^3 i = 1 i = e \otimes i.$

20. $\frac{-8x^2y + 4xy^2}{-2xy} - \frac{6xy^2 + 9x^2y}{3xy} = ax + by$ ì ¼ ¸ , $a + b$
 ì ¸ ì ? [배점 4, 중중]

[배점 4, 중중]

- ① -3 ② -2 ③ -1 ④ 0 ⑤ 1

해설

$$4x - 2y - (2y + 3x) = x - 4y \quad \text{à } a + b = -3$$

à α .

21. $\begin{aligned} & \text{ì } \acute{\text{e}} \text{ } \times \text{ } \ddot{\text{e}} \text{ } \ddot{\text{x}} \text{í } -\dot{\text{i}} \text{ } \ddot{\text{i}} \text{ } \ddot{\text{x}} \text{ } 2x - 5y + 3 \text{ì } \ddot{\text{e}}^{1\frac{1}{4}} \text{ì } \frac{1}{4} \text{ í } \ddot{\text{e}}^2 \text{ì} \\ & \text{ì } \ddot{\text{e}}^3 \text{ì } \ddot{\text{x}} \text{í } \text{ì } \neg \text{ } \ddot{\text{e}} \text{ } \ddot{\text{i}} \text{ } \ddot{\text{e}} \text{ } 6x - y + 4 \text{e}^\circ \text{ } \ddot{\text{e}} \text{ì } \ddot{\text{e}} \text{ } \ddot{\text{x}} \text{. } \text{ì } \acute{\text{e}} \text{,} \\ & \ddot{\text{e}}^\circ \text{ } \ddot{\text{e}} \text{ } \ddot{\text{Y}} \text{'} \ddot{\text{e}}^2 \text{ } \ddot{\text{e}}^3 \text{ì } \ddot{\text{Y}} \text{í } \ddot{\text{e}} \text{ } \ddot{\text{p}} \text{ì? } \quad [\text{배점 4, 중중}]\end{aligned}$

- ① $-6x + 4y - 2$ ② $-4x - 4y - 1$
③ $2x + 9y - 2$ ④ $8x - 6y + 7$
⑤ $10x - 11y + 10$

é³ ê°

⑦ $x - [2x]$

$$\textcircled{L} \quad 5y - \left[2y - \frac{2}{3}(x-y) - \left\{ \frac{5}{3}x - (x-4y) \right\} \right] = cx + dy$$

[배점 5, 중상]

三

▶ 정답 : 11

해설

$$\begin{aligned}
 \textcircled{\text{D}} \quad & x - [2x - (y - 3x) - \{x - (3x - y)\}] \\
 &= x - \{2x - y + 3x - (x - 3x + y)\} \\
 &= x - \{2x + 3x - y - (-2x + y)\} \\
 &= x - (5x - y + 2x - y) \\
 &= x - (5x + 2x - y - y) \\
 &= x - (7x - 2y) \\
 &= x - 7x + 2y \\
 &= -6x + 2y
 \end{aligned}$$

$a = -6, b = 2$ یه α .

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \textcircled{L} \quad 5y - \left[2y - \frac{2}{3}(x-y) - \left\{ \frac{5}{3}x - (x-4y) \right\} \right] \\
 &= 5y - \left\{ 2y - \frac{2}{3}x + \frac{2}{3}y - \left(\frac{5}{3}x - x + 4y \right) \right\} \\
 &= 5y - \left\{ -\frac{2}{3}x + 2y + \frac{2}{3}y - \left(\frac{2}{3}x + 4y \right) \right\} \\
 &= 5y - \left(-\frac{2}{3}x + \frac{8}{3}y - \frac{2}{3}x - 4y \right) \\
 &= 5y - \left(-\frac{4}{3}x - \frac{4}{3}y \right) \\
 &= 5y + \frac{4}{3}x + \frac{4}{3}y \\
 &= \frac{4}{3}x + \frac{19}{3}y
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{ì } \text{é}^- \text{ é! } c = \frac{4}{3}, \ d = \frac{19}{3} \text{ ì } \text{é} \text{ ox.}$$

$$\therefore a+b-3c+3d = -6+2-3 \times \frac{4}{3} + 3 \times \frac{19}{3} = 11$$

해설

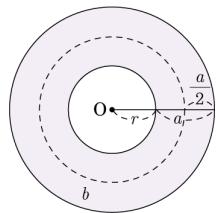
$$\begin{aligned}
 x &= a(a+5) = a^2 + 5a \quad \text{à } \frac{1}{4} \\
 (a-1)(a+2)(a+3)(a+6) \\
 &= \{(a-1)(a+6)\} \{(a+2)(a+3)\} \\
 &= (a^2 + 5a - 6)(a^2 + 5a + 6) \\
 &= (x-6)(x+6) \\
 &= x^2 - 36
 \end{aligned}$$

해설

23. $x = a(a+5)^{1/4}$, $(a-1)(a+2)(a+3)(a+6)$ $\in \mathbb{R}$
 \Rightarrow $a \geq -5$ \wedge $a \neq -1, -2, -3, -6$ [배점 5, 중상]

- ① $x^2 - 36$ ② $x^2 - 6$
③ $x^2 + 6$ ④ $x^2 + 36$
⑤ $x^2 - 12x + 36$

25. ì ē ê · , ë ¼ ì ì ì ē ë ¶ ë ¶ ì ë ¼ a, b ë ¼
 ì "ì ë í ë ? (b ë ì ì ì ì  ¼ ì ê , ì)



[배점 5, 중상]

- Ⓐ ab Ⓑ $2ab$ Ⓒ πab
Ⓓ $2\pi ab$ Ⓓ $\pi a^2 b^2$

해설

$$b = 2\pi \left(r + \frac{a}{2} \right) = 2\pi r + \pi a = \pi(2r + a)$$

ì 'ë ì ' ë¶ ë¶ ì ' ë ì ' ë ¥¼ S ë ¼ í ' ë © '

$$S = \pi(a + r)^2 - \pi r^2$$

$$= \pi(a^2 + 2ar + r^2 - r^2)$$

$$= \pi a(a + 2r) = a\{\pi(a + 2r)\} = ab$$