

1.

듣고 답하는 문제입니다.

대화를 듣고, 여자의 마지막 말에 대한 남자의 응답으로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

- ① Sorry, but I am not a businessman.
- ② Many popular singers have a lot of fans.
- ③ It looks good, but I don't like its color.
- ④ My office already has a cooling fan. Thanks anyway.
- ⑤ How could you get the fan? Tell me, please.

2.

듣고 답하는 문제입니다.

대화를 듣고, 남자의 마지막 말에 대한 여자의 응답으로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

- ① Please show me the way to the restaurant.
- ② I have something important to tell you now.
- ③ Why don't we try the new Italian pizza?
- ④ Would you bring me some hot water?
- ⑤ Sorry. I think there is nothing I can do for you.

3.

듣고 답하는 문제입니다.

대화를 듣고, 여자의 마지막 말에 대한 남자의 응답으로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

- ① How can I get a ticket for the game?
- ② The Korean soccer team finally won the game yesterday.
- ③ I am really sad that I cannot see the game with you now.
- ④ I think the game was not exciting.
- ⑤ Oh! They are coming onto the field. Let’s go, Korea!

4.

듣고 답하는 문제입니다.

다음을 듣고, 여자가 하는 말의 목적으로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

- ① 기타교실 수강에 감사하기 위해서
- ② 기타교실에 대한 보고서 제출을 알리기 위해서
- ③ 새로운 기타교실 개강을 알리기 위해서
- ④ 종강파티 준비에 협조를 구하기 위해서
- ⑤ 기타연습을 권장하기 위해서

5.

듣고 답하는 문제입니다.

대화를 듣고, 남자의 주장으로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

- ① 교과서 읽기와 요약 숙제를 취소해달라는 것
- ② 교과서 읽기가 매우 중요하다는 것
- ③ 교과서 읽기를 점검할 다른 방법을 찾아달라는 것
- ④ 요약하기 숙제가 시간이 너무 많이 걸린다는 것
- ⑤ 읽고 요약하는 방법을 다음 시간에 알려달라는 것

6.

듣고 답하는 문제입니다.

다음을 듣고, 여자가 하는 말의 주제로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

- ① 아름답고 매력적인 모습 유지하기
- ② 피부 건강을 지키는 요령
- ③ 피부가 창백해 보이는 이유들
- ④ 비타민C와 E를 섭취하는 방법
- ⑤ 손이 얼굴에 미치는 영향

7.

듣고 답하는 문제입니다.

대화를 듣고, 두 사람이 하는 말의 주제로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

- ① 주문도서 내용 확인
- ② 주문도서 추가 구입
- ③ 주문도서 배송 취소
- ④ 희귀도서 구입 요청
- ⑤ 도서 배송 날짜 확인

8.

듣고 답하는 문제입니다.

대화를 듣고, 두 사람이 있는 장소로 가장 적절한 곳을 고르시오.

- ① 영화관
- ② 택시 안
- ③ 열차 안
- ④ 영화매표소
- ⑤ 지하철 역

9.

듣고 답하는 문제입니다.

대화를 듣고, 그림에서 대화의 내용과 일치하지 않는 것을 고르시오.



- ① ② ③ ④ ⑤

10.

듣고 답하는 문제입니다.

대화를 듣고, 남자가 할 일로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

- ① 인터넷으로 여행 장소를 찾아본다.
- ② 여자에게 여행 장소를 추천받는다.
- ③ 편안하게 휴식을 취한다.
- ④ 남해에 계시는 조부모님을 방문한다.
- ⑤ 아이들과 바닷가에 간다.

11.

듣고 답하는 문제입니다.

대화를 듣고, 남자가 여자에게 부탁한 일로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

- ① 밴드를 위해 피아노를 쳐달라고
- ② Jane에게 밴드에 돌아오도록 부탁해달라고
- ③ 대회 참가를 위해 밴드를 구성해달라고
- ④ 밴드 멤버들에게 음악실로 오도록 전화해달라고
- ⑤ 간식거리와 음료수를 준비해달라고

12.

듣고 답하는 문제입니다.

대화를 듣고, 학생이 선생님을 찾아간 이유를 고르시오.

- ① 한국어를 배우기 위해서
- ② 한국어 학습에 대한 조언을 얻기 위해서
- ③ 한국인 친구를 사귀는 방법을 알기 위해서
- ④ 한국어 이야기책을 빌리기 위해서
- ⑤ 수업내용에 대한 질문을 하기 위해서

13.

듣고 답하는 문제입니다.

대화를 듣고, 남자의 컴퓨터 문제의 해결책으로 언급된 것을 고르시오.

- ① 워드 프로세서 프로그램 재설치
- ② 메인보드 교체
- ③ 운영체제 업그레이드
- ④ CPU 수리
- ⑤ 신형 컴퓨터 구입

14.

듣고 답하는 문제입니다.

대화를 듣고, 남자가 지급해야 할 돈의 총액을 고르시오. [3점]

- ① \$ 30 ② \$ 35 ③ \$ 55 ④ \$ 80 ⑤ \$ 85

15.

듣고 답하는 문제입니다.

여자의 집에 대한 다음 대화를 듣고, 일치하지 않는 것을 고르시오.
[3점]

- ① 이층집이고 거실이 두 개다.
- ② 화장실은 1층에 두 개, 2층에 한 개가 있다.
- ③ 집은 150년 전 여자의 증조할아버지가 지었다.
- ④ 여자의 침실 옆에는 서재가 있다.
- ⑤ 집은 고풍스럽고 수영장이 있다.

16.

듣고 답하는 문제입니다.

대화를 듣고, 두 사람이 만나기로 한 시각을 고르시오.

- ① 2:00 ② 4:00 ③ 5:00 ④ 6:00 ⑤ 6:30

17.

듣고 답하는 문제입니다.

다음 표를 보면서 대화를 듣고, 여자가 발표할 내용을 고르시오.

<2013 Environment Workshop>

	Time	Presentation
①	10:20-10:40	Greeting and Announcements
②	10:50-11:30	Pollution and Environment
③	11:40-12:20	Practical Ways for Healthy Nature
④	1:30-2:10	How to Decrease Pollutants
⑤	2:20-3:00	Environment and Human Beings

- ①
- ②
- ③
- ④
- ⑤

18.

듣고 답하는 문제입니다.

대화를 듣고, 남자의 마지막 말에 대한 여자의 응답으로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

Woman : _____

- ① Curiosity is very important for studying.
- ② Don’ t worry. You have my word.
- ③ It is very hard for dad to stop smoking.
- ④ No, I can’ t. Dad already stopped smoking.
- ⑤ It is not a secret anymore. Smoking hurts your health.

19.

듣고 답하는 문제입니다.

대화를 듣고, 남자의 마지막 말에 대한 여자의 응답으로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

Woman : _____

- ① Of course we will. Please let us live in peace and comfort.
- ② There is no burglar in my neighborhood. Thanks.
- ③ I want to get the money and jewels back.
- ④ I forgot to lock the door last night.
- ⑤ Calm down and tell me what happened last light.

20.

듣고 답하는 문제입니다.

다음 상황 설명을 듣고, Tommy가 David에게 할 말로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

Tommy : _____

- ① How much did you pay for your new camera?
- ② I wonder if I could use your new camera during my trip.
- ③ I am very thankful that you allowed me to use your camera.
- ④ Let me show you the pictures I took at Mt. Halla.
- ⑤ Sorry, but you can't use it. My sister has gone on a trip with it.

21.

듣고 답하는 문제입니다.

(21-22 공통대화)
대화의 내용과 일치하는 것은?

- ① Susan is playing violent games all night long.
- ② Brian tries to help Susan stop doing the games.
- ③ Brian will introduce a specialist to Susan’s brother.
- ④ Jack waits for Susan to stop using the computer.
- ⑤ Susan’s parents are not worried about their son, Jack.

22.

듣고 답하는 문제입니다.

(21-22 공통대화)
Sam이 할 일로 가장 적절한 것은? [3점]

- ① to give advice to Susan to stop worrying about her brother
- ② to help Jack to stop playing the violent games at night
- ③ to introduce Brian to Jack to help him stop playing games
- ④ to meet Jack’s parents to introduce good games for Jack
- ⑤ to stop playing violent games at midnight

23.

읽고 답하는 문제입니다.

다음 글에서 필자가 주장하는 바로 가장 적절한 것은?

As your boss, I am very proud of you all. I appreciate your creative ideas and great efforts to make the best products in the world. Our company has become one of the biggest global car manufacturers for over forty years. We can see our cars running on every corner of the world. In many Asian and African countries, our cars are very successful because of their excellent quality and relatively low prices. But we can't stop here. We shouldn't be satisfied with what we have accomplished so far. We should move forward just as we have moved. Above all, we need to develop different types of cars which will use alternative fuels like hydrogen and electricity. I politely demand that we as one should make every effort to make our future a bright one. I once again give all my thanks to you and your families.

- ① 최고가 되려면 창조적인 아이디어와 엄청난 노력이 필요하다.
- ② 세계 굴지의 자동차 회사가 된 것을 자랑스러워하자.
- ③ 전기 자동차의 개발을 위해 최선을 다하자.
- ④ 현재에 만족하지 말고 미래를 위해 최선을 다하자.
- ⑤ 미래의 차는 새로운 연료를 사용하는 차가 되어야 한다.

24.

읽고 답하는 문제입니다.

다음 글의 요지로 가장 적절한 것은?

Korea used to have two nicknames: one was ‘the Land of Morning Calm’, and the other was ‘an Eastern Country of Good Manners’. The first nickname can not be applied to Korea anymore because it is now one of the most active and productive countries in the world, which I like very much. But when it comes to the second one, I feel sad and ashamed. Korea has lost many of its good manners. For example, in buses and subways, young people don’t offer their seats to seniors in their seventies or eighties. When I was a teenager, it was almost like a natural law for young people to offer seats to seniors in a bus or a subway. I miss those old days and hope strongly that we Koreans will regain the second nickname sooner or later.

- ① We should offer seats to old people in public transportation.
- ② Korea is still known for a land of courtesy.
- ③ Koreans should try to be more active and productive.
- ④ It is important for Koreans to restore good manners.
- ⑤ Good manners and development are closely connected.

25.

읽고 답하는 문제입니다.

다음 글의 제목으로 가장 적절한 것은?

A fisherman named Tim Brown met one of his friends 14 years after he had first met him. Actually his friend is not a human being but a fish. 14 years ago, he caught a fish weighing 11.5 kg in 1999. It was a *carp. He made a mark on the head of the big fish and released it back into the water. Recently, he succeeded in catching a 25 kg carp again. When Mr. Brown saw the carp, he noticed that it was the very carp he had caught 14 years ago. It had the mark on its head that he had made. The carp grew twice as big as it was before. Mr. Brown said hello to the carp and once again released it into the lake. He said, “When I saw the carp again, I felt like it was a friend of mine. That’s why I let him go again instead of taking it home.”

*carp : 잉어

- ① A Reunion after 14 Years
- ② How to Catch a Big Fish
- ③ Waiting for 14 Years
- ④ Mr. Brown, a Fisherman
- ⑤ A Friend in Need

26.

읽고 답하는 문제입니다.

밑줄 친 부분이 가리키는 대상이 나머지 넷과 다른 것은?

Andy, an eight-year-old boy, liked to climb trees. One day, however, he had a very terrible experience he'd never expected to happen to him. Near his house, there was a very tall oak tree. ① He wanted to climb the tree even though his father told him never to try it. He began to climb the very tall tree. When he almost got near the top, the branch he stood on broke, and he fell down. Fortunately, he landed on a lower branch. He shouted for help. ② He was too scared to move at all. His father got out and helped him to come down from the tree. ③ He had come to save ④ him as soon as he heard ⑤ him yelling. Andy never tried to climb trees after that.

- ①
- ②
- ③
- ④
- ⑤

27.

읽고 답하는 문제입니다.

(A), (B), (C) 의 각 네모 안에서 어법에 맞는 표현으로 가장 적절한 것은? [3점]

Airplanes have tens of thousands of parts. It usually takes at least four or five years to develop and produce (A) one / it . Research and development, including engineering and testing, should be done before manufacturing. The first thing to do in building a new airplane begins by specifying the characteristics of the vehicle (B) what / that people want to build. In a military plane, for example, fast takeoff, supersonic speed, armament, and bomb load are important. In a commercial airliner, the number of passengers and cargo weight (C) comes / come first. Manufacturers of airplanes often develop their own designs.

- ① (A) one (B) what (C) come
- ② (A) one (B) that (C) come
- ③ (A) one (B) what (C) comes
- ④ (A) it (B) that (C) come
- ⑤ (A) it (B) what (C) comes

28.

읽고 답하는 문제입니다.

다음 글의 밑줄 친 부분 중, 어법상 틀린 것은? [3점]

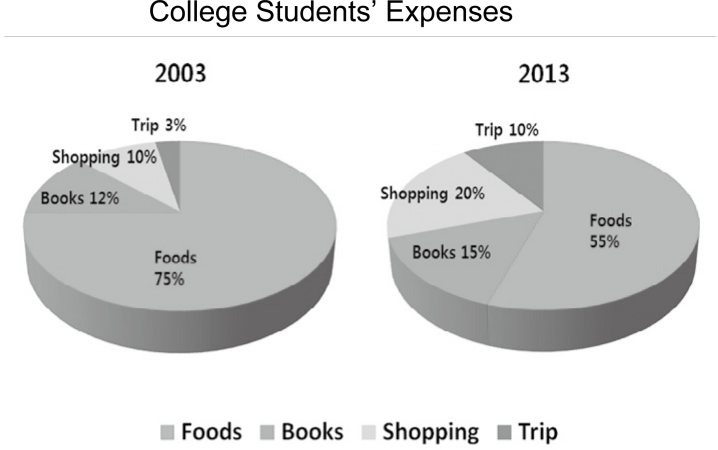
From his childhood, Henry Ford really liked to play with machines, ① ignoring all else around him. He was talented for looking at a machine and quickly understanding how it worked. When he was in his early teens, he developed a machine that allowed his father ② to close the farm gate without leaving his wagon. And he was very much fascinated with watches. When he ③ was given a watch as a present by his grandfather, he immediately disassembled it and ④ put together it again. Then he started repairing watches for his friends. His father suggested that he should ⑤ get paid for this, but he never listened.

- ①
- ②
- ③
- ④
- ⑤

29.

읽고 답하는 문제입니다.

다음 도표의 내용과 일치하지 않는 것은?



When you look at the two pie charts above, you can see the difference on expenses of college students between 2003 and 2013. ① In the year of 2003, 75% of college students' money was spent on food, while in 2013, it decreased to 55%. ② Their expenses on books increased from 12% to 15%, while the share of expenses for trip is almost the same both in 2003 and 2013. ③ The most greatly increased expense is for shopping. ④ The amount of money spent on shopping in 2013 has doubled from 10% to 20%. ⑤ In 2013, the money for food is a little more than the total amount of money spent on books, trip, and shopping.

- ① ② ③ ④ ⑤

30.

읽고 답하는 문제입니다.

남아프리카 공화국에 관한 다음 글의 내용과 일치하지 않는 것은?

The Republic of South Africa is located at the southern tip of Africa. Its coastline runs 2,798 km along the Atlantic and Indian Ocean. Namibia, Botswana and Zimbabwe lie to the north, while Mozambique and Swaziland is located to the east of the Republic. This country, like other African countries, has diverse languages. Eleven languages are officially used, but among them, English is the most commonly spoken language in public life. But at homes and in personal relationships, other languages are used according to their *ethnicity. Although the majority of the South African population is African black, a small number of white people ruled over and oppressed the black population for a long time until the early 1990s. When Nelson Mandela, a black leader in 1994, became the first black president of the South Africa, the black people got liberty.

*ethnicity : 민족성

- ① 해안선이 대서양과 인도양에 접해있다.
- ② 북쪽과 동쪽으로 많은 나라들과 국경선을 접하고 있다.
- ③ 영어는 민족성에 관계없이 모든 공식 사적 영역에서 사용된다.
- ④ 인구의 대다수인 흑인들이 소수 백인들의 통치를 받았었다.
- ⑤ 넬슨 만델라는 남아프리카 공화국 최초의 흑인 대통령이었다.

31.

읽고 답하는 문제입니다.

(A), (B), (C) 의 각 네모 안에서 어법에 맞는 표현으로 가장 적절한 것은? [3점]

William Kamkwamba was born in a poor family, which made him (A) leave / left school at 14. Nobody in his family could pay the school fees. But nothing could stop him from doing something remarkable. Armed only with his intelligence, he wrote a book on electricity and developed some plastic pipes. As a teenager, Kamkwamba built his first windmill, (B) where / which generated enough power to run a light in his room. (C) By / With using a bicycle, he increased efficiency for his second windmill. The windmill was able to generate power for his parents' house. His next goal was to provide enough energy for his entire village. Thanks to what he achieved, he eventually entered a college.

- ① (A) left (B) where (C) With
- ② (A) leave (B) where (C) By
- ③ (A) leave (B) where (C) With
- ④ (A) leave (B) which (C) By
- ⑤ (A) left (B) which (C) With

32.

읽고 답하는 문제입니다.

다음 글의 밑줄 친 부분 중, 문맥상 낱말의 쓰임이 적절하지 않은 것은? [3점]

Jimmy Carter, ① who was a former U.S. President, is famous for Habitat for Humanity which is a volunteer organization that builds houses for poor people around the world. He has toured various countries in Asia and Africa since 1994. In the summer of 2001, he ② has visited the city of Asan, Korea, ③ participating in a house building project. It was part of Habitat for Humanity International's campaign ④ to build houses for the homeless. He worked along with volunteers for the program, which is ⑤ named after him - the Jimmy Carter Work Project 2001. He was awarded the Nobel Peace Prize in 2002.

- ①
- ②
- ③
- ④
- ⑤

33.

읽고 답하는 문제입니다.

다음 글의 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

One day, a king met a buddhist monk at his palace. The king knew that he came to ask him to help with the construction of a new temple. But the king wanted to know how wise and humble the monk was. He said to the monk that he looked like a pig. The king expected that the monk would be angry at him and go back to his temple. But he was wrong. The monk didn't get angry, saying, "Your Majesty! You look like Buddha. Seeing you is just like seeing Buddha." The king was surprised at the monk's wise answer and said, "I said you look like a pig, but you aren't angry. Instead, you praised me by saying that I am like Buddha. How can this happen?" The monk said with a gentle smile, "Your Majesty! _____."

- ① If I was a pig, you would be one, too
- ② There is no difference between a pig and Buddha
- ③ A king is to a monk what a pig is to Buddha
- ④ You need a new temple for national security
- ⑤ As a pig only sees pigs, Buddha only sees Buddhas

34.

읽고 답하는 문제입니다.

다음 글의 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

People think that dinosaurs and reptiles are similar in many ways, but they are not. First, dinosaurs were much larger than reptiles such as the lizards we have today. Moreover, the legs of most reptiles today are on the sides of their body, while dinosaurs' legs were at the bottom of their bodies, which enabled them to stand up like humans. The most obvious difference is this: reptiles control their body temperature by using the environment. On the other hand, dinosaurs controlled their own body temperature. They did not depend on their surroundings. With all of these facts, we can conclude that dinosaurs and reptiles today _____.

- ① died out long time ago
- ② are quite different from each other
- ③ share differences and similarities at the same time
- ④ fought each other for a long time since the ice age
- ⑤ have evolved from the same ancestor

35.

읽고 답하는 문제입니다.

다음 글의 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오. [3점]

In many ancient kingdoms like Bengal and Sumatra, a king _____. After a king had ruled for a few years, his subjects would kill him so that he wouldn't become too powerful. Once their ruler was no longer alive and lost his power, his subjects worshiped him as a god. In the meantime, they waited for a new king who had enough courage and strength to take the *throne. You may doubt that nobody would volunteer to be a king if he could be a king for a few years and would be killed by his people. Somehow there were always new heroes who challenged their fate, believing that they would escape the fate of the former kings and that they could find ways to be a king for a long time.

*throne : 왕위, 왕좌

- ① should live longer than his subjects
- ② could live for a long time only when he was brave
- ③ was powerful enough to be a god after he died
- ④ did not know that he would be killed in a few years
- ⑤ could not rule over his country for a long time

36.

읽고 답하는 문제입니다.

다음 글의 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

One day, early in the morning, some men broke into a bank and robbed it. The policemen came and asked the people who had been in the bank about the robbers. But no one could answer the questions in a helpful way. Suddenly a blind man shouted, “Officer! I know who did it. The robbers were three. I know it by the sounds of their steps.” The officer asked what they looked like. “One of them had red hair and could not run fast. He sounded like a cripple,” said the blind man. “Amazing! Anything else about the robbers?” the officer asked. “One of the other men yelled at him to hurry, calling him Red,” replied the blind man. A few days later, the police caught the robbers. They were three including a cripple whose name was Red as the blind man reported. The blind man’s *testimony proved that “_____.”

*testimony : 증언

- ① It is good to be quick to hear, slow to speak
- ② A man is known by his friends
- ③ The tongue has no bones but sometimes breaks bones
- ④ Seeing is not the only way to know things
- ⑤ When God closes one door, he opens another

37.

읽고 답하는 문제입니다.

다음 글의 (A), (B)에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?

Many people love to drink a soda or a cup of tea when they feel thirsty. They think that drinking a soda or a cup of tea is more helpful to *quench their thirst than drinking water. But it's the wrong idea. Water is the best drink when you are thirsty. Our body absorbs water more quickly than a sugary drink. When you drink a glass of water, most of the water has already left your stomach within 15 minutes and flown to other parts of the body, helping to cool and clean them. (A) water, a soda still stays in the stomach 15 minutes after drinking, which means drinks like a soda are not helpful for your thirst. (B), drinks with caffeine in them, such as coffee and tea, take water from the body.

*quench : 갈증을 풀다

- ① (A) In addition to (B) For example
- ② (A) Besides (B) Moreover
- ③ (A) Thanks to (B) Therefore
- ④ (A) Unlike (B) What is worse
- ⑤ (A) Without (B) Likewise

38.

읽고 답하는 문제입니다.

주어진 글 다음에 이어질 글의 순서로 가장 적절한 것은?

In the book *The Secret Life of Plants*, Peter Tomkins and Christopher Bird performed an interesting experiment to see how plants grow.

- (A) Six months later, the loved group grew bigger and healthier. It had longer and more roots under the earth and a thicker stem and more leaves above the earth. The other group, on the other hand, grew weaker and had less leaves.
- (B) This experiment tells that plants listen. So be careful when you are growing plants. Try to tell kind and positive words to your plant so that they grow healthy and lovely.
- (C) They divided plants into two groups. One group of plants was given love and positive ideas and words, while the other group was given only negative ideas and words.

- ① (A) - (C) - (B) ② (B) - (A) - (C)
- ③ (B) - (C) - (A) ④ (C) - (A) - (B)
- ⑤ (C) - (B) - (A)

39.

읽고 답하는 문제입니다.

다음 글에서 전체 흐름과 관계 없는 문장은?

Are you interested in effective English teaching skills? Do you want your students to be good speakers of English? ① Setting an English Speaking Zone or an English Speaking Day will be a great help. By making an English Speaking Zone, many students can freely speak English in real situations, like buying and selling snacks and drinks. ② In the zone, they can use expressions they have learned in English classes. ③ English classes are the most popular classes for Korean students. To do so, assign a room as an English Speaking Zone. ④ And let the students speak only English in the room. Another useful way is to choose any weekday and make it an English Speaking Day. ⑤ It can increase the English speaking ability of each student even though it is just one day during the week.

- ①
- ②
- ③
- ④
- ⑤

40.

읽고 답하는 문제입니다.

다음 글에서 밑줄 친 your wonderful container가 가리키는 것으로 가장 적절한 것은?

Women usually use many kinds of cosmetics to keep their skin ‘trouble-free’. They use toners, lotions, creams and sunscreens. Each cosmetic may contain at least 30 chemicals, some of which can cause irritations or allergic reactions. If you use five different products for your skin at the same time, you actually mix up over 100 kinds of chemicals. The skin is the essential barrier between our internal organs and the outside world. It is a remarkable protector, but it can be hurt because of the many chemicals in your cosmetics. You should pay great attention and respect to your wonderful “container.” Just two products, a gentle cleanser and a good sunscreen, are enough daily skin care for most people, especially for women.

- ① 피부

② 피부친화 화장품

③ 신체기관

④ 신크림

⑤ 화장품 용기

41.

[41-43] 다음 글을 읽고, 물음에 답하십시오.

(A) It’s always so easy to say, “I would never do that.” Still, without walking in another person’s shoes, you’ll never know what you would or wouldn’t do.

(B) The doctor said that her father would never be conscious again. He asked her, “Would you like us to use the respirator for your father, or would you rather let him go?” After she talked about it with her family members, she chose to let her father go to heaven and rest.

(C) Two years ago, Betty’s father had a terrible car accident and was in a coma. He couldn’t think, speak, or hear. The doctor said that his brain had stopped working, and he could live anyway with the help of a *respirator. However, it would cost Betty’s family a lot of money.

(D) When I heard of what she chose to do to her father, I thought that she was such a cold and heartless person. I thought I would never make that decision. But now, here I am in the hospital, standing next to my mother’s bed. She is in a coma after a car accident, and her doctor is waiting for me to decide whether or not it is time for my mother to rest in heaven.

*respirator : 인공호흡기

위 글 (A)에 이어질 내용을 순서에 맞게 배열한 것으로 가장 적절한 것은? [3점]

- ① (B) - (C) - (D)

② (B) - (D) - (C)

③ (C) - (B) - (D)

④ (C) - (D) - (B)

⑤ (D) - (B) - (C)

42.

[41-43] 다음 글을 읽고, 물음에 답하십시오.

[43번 지문 참조]

밑줄 친 that decision이 의미하는 것으로 가장 적절한 것은?

- ① 아버지의 생명을 연장하는 것
- ② 아버지로부터 인공호흡기를 제거하는 것
- ③ 뇌사인지 아닌지 결정하는 것
- ④ 의사에게 기다려달라고 하는 것
- ⑤ 언제 호흡기를 제거할 것인지 결정하는 것

43.

[41-43] 다음 글을 읽고, 물음에 답하십시오.

[41 번 지문 참조]

위 글이 주는 교훈으로 가장 적절한 것은?

- ① It is better to let a person die in a coma.
- ② It is against human rights to remove a respirator.
- ③ To extend someone’s life with medical machines is useless.
- ④ We should take actions to decrease the number of car accidents.
- ⑤ We can’t say something is good or not before we experience it.

44.

[44-45] 다음 글을 읽고, 물음에 답하시오.

When we need information, we often buy books to get the information. But there are so many books that it is not easy to find the books with the right information you need. Here are some helpful tips to find the right books for you.

First, you should avoid purchasing a book just because of its title or advertisements in newspapers and on TV. Book publishers try to attract people's attention with exaggerated titles and advertisements. Don't ever trust the best-selling book list. Publishers sometimes buy their own book back right after its release in order to make it a best-selling one in a short period of time.

A good way to buy books which will meet your need is to know exactly what information you need before going to a bookstore. The next step is to find out whether or not the book you choose contains the information you need. Looking into the contents of the book will help you a lot to find the right book for your purpose.

위 글의 주제로 가장 적절한 것은?

- ① 올바른 책 구입 요령
- ② 책 광고의 허구성
- ③ 베스트셀러의 조건
- ④ 올바른 정보를 얻는 방법
- ⑤ 출판사들의 과장 광고

45.

[44-45] 다음 글을 읽고, 물음에 답하시오.

[44번 지문 참조]
위 글의 내용과 일치하는 것은? [3점]

- ① 필요로 하는 정보를 담은 책을 구하는 것은 어렵지 않다.
- ② 책의 목차를 활용하면 필요한 책을 더 잘 구할 수 있다.
- ③ 책을 사기 전에 광고나 베스트셀러 목록을 참고해야 한다.
- ④ 정확한 정보를 얻기 위해 사전에 검색이 필요하다.
- ⑤ 책을 베스트셀러로 만들기 위해 처음에는 소량만 판매한다.